REMARKS:

The amendment to the specification have been made to correct typographical errors.

No new matter has been added.

Respectfully submitted,

Ву

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(2)

3-Heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives

The present invention relates to 3-heterocyclyl-substituted 5 benzoic acid derivatives and their agriculturally useful salts, to compositions comprising such compounds and to the use of the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives, of their salts or of compositions comprising them as herbicides, desiccants or defoliants.

In various publications, uracil-substituted benzoic acid derivatives have been described as herbicidally active compounds. Thus, for example, WO 88/10254, WO 89/03825 and WO 91/00278 describe the esters of 2-halo-5-(substituted uracil)benzoic acids and the esters of 2-cyano-5-(substituted uracil)benzoic acids which may optionally be halogen-substituted in the 4-position. WO 89/02891 and WO 93/06090 describe the amides of 2-halo-5-(substituted uracil)benzoic acids and the amides of 2-cyano-5-(substituted uracil)benzoic acids which may optionally be halogen-substituted in the 4-position, as herbicidally active substances.

Furthermore, WO 01/83459 discloses herbicidally active 3-heterocyclyl-substituted phenylsulfamoylcarboxamides of the formula A

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where Het is, inter alia, an unsaturated five- or six-membered heterocyclic radical which is attached via a nitrogen atom to the phenyl ring, X¹ is hydrogen, halogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl, X² is hydrogen, cyano, thiocarbamoyl, halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or 5 C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, X³ is, inter alia, hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl,

C₁-C₆-alkoxyalkyl, R' are each independently of one another inter alia hydrogen, alkoxy, C₁-C₁₀-alkyl, C₂-C₁₀-alkenyl, C₃-C₁₀-alkynyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, or the two radicals R' together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 3- to 10 7-membered heterocyclic ring.

It is an object of the present invention to provide novel herbicidally active compounds which allow better targeted control of unwanted plants than the known herbicides. Advantageously, the 15 novel herbicides should be highly active against harmful plants. Moreover, a high compatibility with crop plants is desirable. It is another object to provide novel compounds having desiccant/defoliant action.

20 We have found, surprisingly, that these objects are achieved by 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the general formula I defined below:

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where:

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X is oxygen or NR9,

R1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formulae II-A to II-H,

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R² is hydrogen or halogen,

R³ is halogen or cyano,

 R^4 , R^5 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, or R^4 and R^5 together are a group =CH₂,

 R^6 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -alkoxy,

aminocarbonyi- C_1 - C_4 -alkyi, $(C_1$ - C_4 -alkylamino)carbonyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, $di(C_1$ - C_4 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkylphenyl or

R⁷ and R⁸ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3-, 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered nitrogen heterocycle which may optionally contain one or two further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen as ring members, which may contain 1 or 2 carbonyl and/or thiocarbonyl groups as ring members and/or which may be substituted by one, two

or three substituents selected from the group consisting of C_1-C_4 -alkyl and halogen;

- R9 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, phenyl, phenyl- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_3-C_6 -alkenyl or C_3-C_6 -alkynyl,
 - R10 is hydrogen, C1-C4-alkyl or amino,
 - R^{11} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
 - R^{12} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

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- R^{13} , R^{13} ' independently of one another are hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
- R14 is halogen,
- R^{15} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,
- 15 R^{16} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio, C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyloxy,
 - R^{17} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,
 - R^{18} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or amino,
- 20 R^{19} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,
 - R^{20} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,
 - R²¹ is hydrogen, halogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl,
 - R^{22} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkoxy,
- 25 C_1-C_4 -alkylthio or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,
 - R^{23} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

or

- R²² and R²³ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which may contain a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of oxygen and nitrogen as a ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄-alkyl and halogen,
- 35 R^{24} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
 - R^{25} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,

or

- R²⁴ and R²⁵ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which optionally contains an oxygen atom as ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄-alkyl and halogen,
 - R^{26} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
- 45 R^{27} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,

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- R^{26} and R^{27} together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which optionally contains an oxygen atom as ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and halogen,
- A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , A^4 are each independently of one another oxygen or sulfur.
- 10 Accordingly, the present invention relates to 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I and their agriculturally useful salts.

The invention also relates to the tautomers of the compounds I, 15 for example to compounds I in which R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-A, II-B, II-F or II-H.

Moreover, the present invention relates to

- the use of the compounds I and/or their salts as herbicides 20 or for the desiccation/defoliation of plants
 - herbicidal compositions comprising the compounds I and/or their salts as active substances,
 - compositions for the dessication/defoliation of plants, which compositions comprise the compounds I and/or their salts as active substances, and also
 - methods for controlling unwanted vegetation or for the desiccation/defoliation of plants using the compounds I and/or their salts.
- 30 Depending on the substitution pattern, the compounds of the formula I may contain one or more centers of chirality, in which case they are present as mixtures of enantiomers or diastereomers. The invention provides both the pure enantiomers or diastereomers and mixtures thereof.

Agriculturally useful salts are especially the salts of those cations or the acid addition salts of those acids whose cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the herbicidal action and/or desiccant/defoliant action of the

- 40 compounds I. Thus, particularly suitable cations are the ions of the alkali metals, preferably sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth metals, preferably calcium, magnesium and barium, and of the transition metals, preferably manganese, copper, zinc and iron, and also the ammonium ion, which, if desired, may carry
- 45 one to four C_1 - C_4 -alkyl substituents and/or one phenyl or benzyl substituent, preferably diisopropylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetrabutylammonium, trimethylbenzylammonium, furthermore

phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably $tri(C_1-C_4-alkyl)$ sulfonium, and sulfoxonium ions, preferably $tri(C_1-C_4-alkyl)$ sulfoxonium.

- 5 Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogensulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogenphosphate, phosphate, nitrate, hydrogencarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate, and also the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate,
- 10 acetate, propionate and butyrate. They can be formed by reacting I with an acid of the corresponding anion, preferably hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid or nitric acid.
- 15 The organic moieties mentioned in the definition of the substituents R¹ to R²⁷ or as radicals on heterocyclic rings are like the term halo collective terms of individual listings of the individual group members. All carbon chains, i.e. all alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, aminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxy,
- 20 haloalkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonyloxy and alkenyl moieties may be straight-chain or branched. Halogenated substituents preferably carry one to five identical or different halogen atoms. The term halogen denotes in each case fluorine, chlorine, bromine or 25 iodine.

Examples of other meanings are:

- C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl,
 butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl or 1,1-dimethylethyl;
- C₁-C₆-alkyl: C₁-C₄-alkyl as mentioned above and also, for example n-pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-ethylpropyl, hexyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl or 1-ethyl-3-methylpropyl;
- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl: a C₁-C₄-alkyl radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chlorofluoromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl,

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2-chloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl, 2-iodoethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl,
        2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethyl,
        2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethy1,
        2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl,
        pentafluoroethyl, 2-fluoropropyl, 3-fluoropropyl,
        2,2-difluoropropyl, 2,3-difluoropropyl, 2-chloropropyl,
        3-chloropropyl, 2,3-dichloropropyl, 2-bromopropyl,
        3-bromopropyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl, 3,3,3-trichloropropyl,
        2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropyl, heptafluoropropyl,
        1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethyl,
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        1-(chloromethyl)-2-chloroethyl, 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethyl,
        4-fluorobutyl, 4-chlorobutyl, 4-bromobutyl or
        nonafluorobutyl; in particular
        difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl;
15
        C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy: for example methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy,
        1-methylethoxy, butoxy, 1-methylpropoxy, 2-methylpropoxy or
        1,1—dimethylethoxy;
        C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy: a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy radical as mentioned above
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        which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine,
        chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e. for example, OCH<sub>2</sub>F,
        OCHF2, OCF3, OCH2Cl, OCH(Cl)2, OC(Cl)3, chlorofluoromethoxy,
        dichlorofluoromethoxy, chlorodifluoromethoxy, 2-fluoroethoxy,
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        2-chloroethoxy, 2-bromoethoxy, 2-iodoethoxy,
        2,2-difluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy,
        2-chloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethoxy,
        2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trichloroethoxy, OC<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>,
        2-fluoropropoxy, 3-fluoropropoxy, 2,2-difluoropropoxy,
        2,3-difluoropropoxy, 2-chloropropoxy, 3-chloropropoxy,
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        2,3-dichloropropoxy, 2-bromopropoxy, 3-bromopropoxy,
        3,3,3-trifluoropropoxy, 3,3,3-trichloropropoxy, OCH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>,
        OCF_2-C_2F_5, 1-(CH_2F)-2-fluoroethoxy, 1-(CH_2Cl)-2-chloroethoxy,
        1-(CH<sub>2</sub>Br)-2-bromoethoxy, 4-fluorobutoxy, 4-chlorobutoxy,
        4-bromobutoxy or nonafluorobutoxy, preferably OCHF2;
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        C_1-C_4-alkoxy-C_1-C_4-alkyl: C_1-C_4-alkyl which is substituted by
        C_1-C_4-alkoxy as mentioned above, i.e., for example, CH_2-OCH_3,
        CH_2-OC_2H_5, n-propoxymethyl, CH_2-OCH(CH_3)_2,
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        n-butoxymethyl, (1-methylpropoxy)methyl,
        (2-methylpropoxy)methyl, CH<sub>2</sub>-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, 2-(methoxy)ethyl,
        2-(ethoxy)ethyl, 2-(n-propoxy)ethyl, 2-(1-methylethoxy)ethyl,
        2-(n-butoxy)ethyl, 2-(1-methylpropoxy)ethyl,
        2-(2-methylpropoxy)ethyl, 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)ethyl,
        2-(methoxy)propyl, 2-(ethoxy)propyl, 2-(n-propoxy)propyl,
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        2-(1-methylethoxy)propyl, 2-(n-butoxy)propyl,
        2-(1-methylpropoxy)propyl, 2-(2-methylpropoxy)propyl,
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2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)propyl, 3-(methoxy)propyl,
        3-(ethoxy)propyl, 3-(n-propoxy)propyl,
        3-(1-methylethoxy)propyl, 3-(n-butoxy)propyl,
        3-(1-methylpropoxy)propyl, 3-(2-methylpropoxy)propyl,
 5
        3-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)propyl, 2-(methoxy)butyl,
        2-(ethoxy)butyl, 2-(n-propoxy)butyl, 2-(1-methylethoxy)butyl,
        2-(n-butoxy)butyl, 2-(1-methylpropoxy)butyl,
        2-(2-methylpropoxy)butyl, 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)butyl,
       3-(methoxy)butyl, 3-(ethoxy)butyl, 3-(n-propoxy)butyl,
        3-(1-methylethoxy)butyl, 3-(n-butoxy)butyl,
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        3-(1-methylpropoxy)butyl, 3-(2-methylpropoxy)butyl,
        3-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)butyl, 4-(methoxy)butyl,
        4-(ethoxy)butyl, 4-(n-propoxy)butyl, 4-(1-methylethoxy)butyl,
        4-(n-butoxy)butyl, 4-(1-methylpropoxy)butyl,
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        4-(2-methylpropoxy)butyl or 4-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)butyl;
        C_1-C_4-alkylthio: for example SCH<sub>3</sub>, SC_2H_5, SCH_2-C_2H_5, SCH(CH_3)_2,
        n-butylthio, SCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, SCH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> or SC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>;
       C_1-C_4-alkylthio-C_1-C_4-alkyl: C_1-C_4-alkyl, which is substituted
20 -
        by C_1-C_4-alkylthio as mentioned above, i.e., for example,
        CH<sub>2</sub>-SCH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>-SC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, n-propylthiomethyl, CH<sub>2</sub>-SCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
        n-butylthiomethyl, (1-methylpropylthio)methyl,
        (2-methylpropylthio)methyl, CH<sub>2</sub>-SC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, 2-(methylthio)ethyl,
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        2-(ethylthio)ethyl, 2-(n-propylthio)ethyl,
        2-(1-methylethylthio)ethyl, 2-(n-butylthio)ethyl,
        2-(1-methylpropylthio)ethyl, 2-(2-methylpropylthio)ethyl,
        2-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)ethyl, 2-(methylthio)propyl,
        2-(ethylthio)propyl, 2-(n-propylthio)propyl,
        2-(1-methylethylthio)propyl, 2-(n-butylthio)propyl,
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        2-(1-methylpropylthio)propyl, 2-(2-methylpropylthio)propyl,
        2-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)propyl, 3-(methylthio)propyl,
        3-(ethylthio)propyl, 3-(n-propylthio)propyl,
        3-(1-methylethylthio)propyl, 3-(n-butylthio)propyl,
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        3-(1-methylpropylthio)propyl, 3-(2-methylpropylthio)propyl,
        3-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)propyl, 2-(methylthio)butyl,
        2-(ethylthio)butyl, 2-(n-propylthio)butyl,
        2-(1-methylethylthio)butyl, 2-(n-butylthio)butyl,
        2-(1-methylpropylthio)butyl, 2-(2-methylpropylthio)butyl,
        2-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)butyl, 3-(methylthio)butyl,
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        3-(ethylthio)butyl, 3-(n-propylthio)butyl,
        3-(1-methylethylthio)butyl, 3-(n-butylthio)butyl,
        3-(1-methylpropylthio)butyl, 3-(2-methylpropylthio)butyl,
        3-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)butyl, 4-(methylthio)butyl,
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        4-(ethylthio)butyl, 4-(n-propylthio)butyl,
        4-(1-methylethylthio)butyl, 4-(n-butylthio)butyl,
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4-(1-methylpropylthio)butyl, 4-(2-methylpropylthio)butyl or 4-(1,1-dimethylethylthio)butyl;

- C₁-C₄-alkylsulfinyl (C₁-C₄-alkyl-S(=0)-) and the alkylsulfinyl moieties of C₁-C₄-alkylsulfinyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, propylsulfinyl, 1-methylethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl, 1-methylpropylsulfinyl, 2-methylpropylsulfinyl or 1,1-dimethylethylsulfinyl;
- - C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyloxy: for example methylsulfonyloxy, ethylsulfonyloxy, n-propylsulfonyloxy, 1-methylethylsulfonyloxy, butylsulfonyloxy,
- 1-methylpropylsulfonyloxy,
 2-methylpropylsulfonyloxy or 1,1-dimethylethylsulfonyloxy,
 preferably methylsulfonyloxy;
- cyano-C1-C4-alkyl: for example CH2CN, 1-cyanoethyl,
 2-cyanoethyl, 1-cyanoprop-1-yl, 2-cyanoprop-1-yl,
 3-cyanoprop-1-yl, 1-cyanobut-1-yl, 2-cyanobut-1-yl,
 3-cyanobut-1-yl, 4-cyanobut-1-yl, 1-cyanobut-2-yl,
 2-cyanobut-2-yl, 3-cyanobut-2-yl, 4-cyanobut-2-yl,
 1-(CH2CN)eth-1-yl, 1-(CH2CN)-1-(CH3)eth-1-yl or
 1-(CH2CN)prop-1-yl;
- phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example benzyl, 1-phenylethyl,
 2-phenylethyl, 1-phenylprop-1-yl, 2-phenylprop-1-yl,
 3-phenylprop-1-yl, 1-phenylbut-1-yl, 2-phenylbut-1-yl,
 3-phenylbut-1-yl, 4-phenylbut-1-yl, 1-phenylbut-2-yl,
 2-phenylbut-2-yl, 3-phenylbut-2-yl, 4-phenylbut-2-yl,
 1-(benzyl)eth-1-yl, 1-(benzyl)-1-(methyl)eth-1-yl or
 1-(benzyl)prop-1-yl;
- 40 C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl: for example methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1-methylethoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, 1-methylpropoxycarbonyl, 2-methylpropoxycarbonyl or 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl;
- 45 $(C_1-C_4-alkoxy)$ carbonyl- $C_1-C_4-alkyl$: $C_1-C_4-alkyl$ which is substituted by $(C_1-C_4-alkoxy)$ carbonyl as mentioned above, i.e., for example, $CH_2-CO-OCH_3$, $CH_2-CO-OC_2H_5$, $CH_2-CO-OCH_2-C_2H_5$,

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CH,-CO-OCH(CH,),, n-butoxycarbonylmethyl,
        CH_{2}-CO-OCH(CH_{3})-C_{2}H_{5}, CH_{2}-CO-OCH_{2}-CH(CH_{3})_{2}, CH_{2}-CO-OC(CH_{3})_{3},
        1-(CO-OCH_1) ethyl, 1-(CO-OC_2H_5) ethyl, 1-(CO-OCH_2-C_2H_5) ethyl,
        1-[CO-OCH(CH,),lethyl, 1-(n-butoxycarbonyl)ethyl,
 5
        1-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]ethyl,
        1-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]ethyl, 2-(CO-OCH,)ethyl,
        2-(CO-OC_2H_5) ethyl, 2-(CO-OCH_2-C_2H_5) ethyl,
        2-[CO-OCH(CH_3)_2] ethyl, 2-(n-butoxycarbonyl) ethyl,
        2-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]ethyl,
        2-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]ethyl, 2-[CO-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>),]ethyl,
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        2-(CO-OCH_1) propy1, 2-(CO-OC_2H_5) propy1, 2-(CO-OCH_2-C_2H_5) propy1,
        2-[CO-OCH(CH,),]propyl, 2-(n-butoxycarbonyl)propyl,
        2-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]propyl,
        2-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]propyl, 2-[CO-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]propyl,
15
        3-(CO-OCH_1) propyl, 3-(CO-OC,H_2) propyl, 3-(CO-OCH_2-C,H_2) propyl,
        3-[CO-OCH(CH<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]propyl, 3-(n-butoxycarbonyl)propyl,
        3-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]propyl,
        3-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]propyl, 3-[CO-OC(CH,),]propyl,
        2-(CO-OCH_1) butyl, 2-(CO-OC_2H_5) butyl, 2-(CO-OCH_2-C_2H_5) butyl,
20
        2-[CO-OCH(CH<sub>1</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]butyl, 2-(n-butoxycarbonyl)butyl,
        2-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl,
        2-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl, 2-[CO-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]butyl,
        3-(CO-OCH_{3}) butyl, 3-(CO-OC_{2}H_{5}) butyl, 3-(CO-OCH_{2}-C_{2}H_{5}) butyl,
        3-[CO-OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]butyl, 3-(n-butoxycarbonyl)butyl,
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        3-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl,
        3-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl, 3-[CO-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>),]butyl,
        4-(CO-OCH_1) butyl, 4-(CO-OC_2H_2) butyl, 4-(CO-OCH_2-C_2H_3) butyl,
        4-[CO-OCH(CH,),]butyl, 4-(n-butoxycarbonyl)butyl,
        4-[1-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl,
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        4-[2-methylpropoxycarbonyl]butyl or 4-[CO-OC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]butyl,
        preferably CH,-CO-OCH, CH,-CO-OC,H, 1-(CO-OCH,)ethyl or
        1-(CO-OC,H,)ethyl;
          amino-C,-C,-alkyl: for example CH,NH,, 1-aminoethyl,
35
          2-aminoethyl, 1-aminoprop-1-yl, 2-aminoprop-1-yl,
          3-aminoprop-1-yl, 1-aminobut-1-yl, 2-aminobut-1-yl,
          3-aminobut-1-yl, 4-aminobut-1-yl, 1-aminobut-2-yl,
          2-aminobut-2-yl, 3-aminobut-2-yl, 4-aminobut-2-yl,
          1-(CH,NH,) eth-1-yl, 1-(CH,NH,)-1-(CH,) eth-1-yl or 1-
40
          (CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)prop-1-yl;
          C,-C,-alkylamino: for example H,C-NH-, H,C,-NH-, n-propyl-NH-,
          1-methylethyl-NH-, n-butyl-NH-, 1-methylpropyl-NH-, 2-
          methylpropyl-NH- or 1,1-dimethylethyl-NH-;
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C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl which is substituted
       by C_1-C_4-alkylamino as defined above, i.e., for example,
        CH_2CH_2-NH-CH_3, CH_2CH_2-N(CH_3)_2, CH_2CH_2-NH-C_2H_5 or
        CH_2CH_2-N(C_2H_5)_2;
        di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino: N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N,N-dipropylamino,
        N, N-di(1-methylethyl)amino, N, N-dibutylamino,
        N, N-di(1-methylpropyl)amino, N, N-di-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
        N, N-di(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-methylamino,
        N-methyl-N-propylamino, N-methyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino,
10
        N-butyl-N-methylamino, N-methyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-methylamino, N-ethyl-N-propylamino,
        N-ethyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino, N-butyl-N-ethylamino,
        N-ethyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
15
        N-ethyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-ethyl-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino,
        N-(1-methylethyl)-N-propylamino,
        N-butyl-N-propylamino, N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-propylamino,
20
        N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-propylamino,
        N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-propylamino,
        N-butyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino,
        N-(1-methylethyl)-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-(1-methylethyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
25
        N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)amino,
        N-butyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-butyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-butyl-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-
         amino, N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
        N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino or
30
        N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino;
         di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl which is
         substituted by di(C_1-C_4-alkyl) amino as mentioned above, i.e.,
35
         for example, CH_2N(CH_3)_2, CH_2N(C_2H_5)_2,
         N, N-dipropylaminomethyl, N, N-di[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]aminomethyl,
         N, N-dibutylaminomethyl, N, N-di(1-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
         N, N-di(2-methylpropyl)aminomethyl, N, N-di[C(CH3)3]aminomethyl,
         N-ethyl-N-methylaminomethyl, N-methyl-N-propylaminomethyl,
         N-methyl-N-[CH(CH_3)_2] aminomethyl,
40.
         N-butyl-N-methylaminomethyl,
         N-methyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
         N-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
         N-[C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]-N-methylaminomethyl, N-ethyl-N-propylaminomethyl,
45
         N-ethyl-N-[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]aminomethyl, N-butyl-N-ethylaminomethyl,
         N-ethyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
         N-ethyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
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```
N-ethyl-N-[C(CH_3)_3] aminomethyl,
        N-[CH(CH_3)_2]-N-propylaminomethyl,
        N-butyl-N-propylaminomethyl,
       N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-propylaminomethyl,
        N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-propylaminomethyl,
 5
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-propylaminomethyl,
        N-butyl-N-(1-methylethyl)-aminomethyl,
        N-[CH(CH_3)_2]-N-(1-methylpropyl) aminomethyl,
        N-[CH(CH_3)_2]-N-(2-methylpropyl) aminomethyl,
       N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-[CH(CH_3)_2] aminomethyl,
10
        N-butyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
        N-butyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
        N-butyl-N-[C(CH_3)_3] aminomethyl,
        N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminomethyl,
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-(1-methylpropyl) aminomethyl,
15
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-(2-methylpropyl) aminomethyl,
        N, N-dimethylaminoethyl, N, N-diethylaminoethyl,
        N, N-di(n-propyl)aminoethyl,
        N, N-di[CH(CH3)2]-aminoethyl, N, N-dibutylaminoethyl,
        N, N-di(1-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
20
        N, N-di(2-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
        N, N-di[C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]aminoethyl, N-ethyl-N-methylaminoethyl,
        N-methyl-N-propylaminoethyl, N-methyl-N-[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]aminoethyl,
        N-butyl-N-methylaminoethyl,
        N-methyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
25
        N-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
        N-[C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]-N-methylaminoethyl, N-ethyl-N-propylaminoethyl,
        N-ethyl-N-[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]aminoethyl, N-butyl-N-ethylaminoethyl,
        N-ethyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
30
        N-ethyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
        N-ethyl-N-[C(CH_3)_3] aminoethyl,
        N-[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]-N-propylaminoethyl, N-butyl-N-propylaminoethyl,
        N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-propylaminoethyl,
        N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-propylaminoethyl,
35
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-propylaminoethyl,
        N-butyl-N-[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]aminoethyl,
        N-[CH(CH_3)_2]-N-(1-methylpropyl) aminoethyl,
        N-[CH(CH_3)_2]-N-(2-methylpropyl) aminoethyl,
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-[CH(CH_3)_2] aminoethyl,
        N-butyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
40
        N-butyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
        N-butyl-N-[C(CH_3)_3] aminoethyl,
        N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)aminoethyl,
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-(1-methylpropyl) aminoethyl or
45
        N-[C(CH_3)_3]-N-(2-methylpropyl) aminoethyl;
```

```
aminocarbonyl-C1-C4-alkyl: for example CH2CONH2,
           1-(CONH_2)ethyl, 2-(CONH_2)ethyl, 1-(CONH_2)prop-1-yl,
           2-(CONH<sub>2</sub>)prop-1-yl, 3-(CONH<sub>2</sub>)prop-1-yl, 1-(CONH<sub>2</sub>)but-1-yl,
           2-(CONH_2)but-1-y1, 3-(CONH_2)but-1-y1, 4-(CONH_2)but-1-y1,
           1-(CONH_2)but-2-y1, 2-(CONH_2)but-2-y1, 3-(CONH_2)but-2-y1,
 5
           4-(CONH<sub>2</sub>)but-2-yl, 1-(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)eth-1-yl,
           1-(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)-1-(CH<sub>3</sub>)-eth-1-yl or 1-(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)prop-1-yl;
           (C_1-C_4-alkylamino) carbonyl-C_1-C_4-alkyl: C_1-C_4-alkyl which is
           substituted by (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino)carbonyl as mentioned above,
           i.e., for example,
           CH_2-CO-NH-CH_3, CH_2-CO-NH-C_2H_5, CH_2-CO-NH-CH_2-C_2H_5,
           CH_2-CO-NH-CH(CH_3)_2, CH_2-CO-NH-CH_2CH_2-C_2H_5,
           CH_2-CO-NH-CH(CH_3)-C_2H_5, CH_2-CO-NH-CH_2-CH(CH_3)_2
           CH_2-CO-NH-C(CH_3)_3, CH(CH_3)-CO-NH-CH_3, CH(CH_3)-CO-NH-C_2H_5,
15
           2-(CO-NH-CH_3) ethyl, 2-(CO-NH-C_2H_5) ethyl,
           2-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)ethyl, 2-[CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]ethyl,
           2-(CO-NH-CH_2CH_2-C_2H_5) ethyl, 2-[CO-NH-CH(CH_3)-C_2H_5] ethyl,
           2-[CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]ethyl, 2-[CO-NH-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]ethyl,
20
           2-(CO-NH-CH_3) propyl, 2-(CO-NH-C_2H_5) propyl,
           2-(CO-NH-CH_2-C_2H_5) propyl, 2-(CH_2-CO-NH-CH(CH_3)_2) propyl,
           2-(CO-NH-CH_2CH_2-C_2H_5) propyl, 2-(CO-NH-CH(CH_3)-C_2H_5) propyl,
           2-[CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]propyl, 2-[CO-NH-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]propyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH<sub>3</sub>)propyl, 3-(CO-NH-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)propyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) propyl, 3-[CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] propyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH_2CH_2-C_2H_5) propyl, 3-[CO-NH-CH(CH_3)-C_2H_5] propyl,
           3-[CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]propyl, 3-[CO-NH-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]propyl,
           2-(CO-NH-CH_3) buty1, 2-(CO-NH-C_2H_5) buty1,
           2-(CO-NH-CH_2-C_2H_5) butyl, 2-(CH_2-CO-NH-CH(CH_3)_2] butyl,
30.
           2-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)butyl, 2-[CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>]butyl,
           2-[CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]butyl, 2-[CO-NH-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]butyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH<sub>3</sub>) butyl, 3-(CO-NH-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) butyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)butyl, 3-[CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]butyl,
           3-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) butyl, 3-[CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>] butyl,
35
            3-[CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]butyl, <math>3-[CO-NH-C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]butyl,
            4-(CO-NH-CH_3) butyl, 4-(CO-NH-C_2H_5) butyl,
            4-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>) butyl, 4-[CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>] butyl,
            4-(CO-NH-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)butyl, 4-[CO-NH-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>]butyl,
            4-[CO-NH-CH_2-CH(CH_3)_2] butyl or 4-[CO-NH-C(CH_3)_3] butyl.
40
            di(C_1-C_4-alkyl) aminocarbonyl-C_1-C_4-alkyl: C_1-C_4-alkyl which is
            substituted by di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)aminocarbonyl as mentioned
            above, i.e., for example,
            di(C_1-C_4-alkyl) aminocarbonylmethyl,
45
            1- or 2-di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)aminocarbonylethyl,
            1-, 2- or 3-di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)aminocarbonylpropyl;
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C,-C,-alkylphenyl: phenyl which is substituted by C,-C,-alkyl
         as mentioned above, i.e., for example, 2-tolyl,
         3-tolyl, 4-tolyl, 2-ethylphenyl, 3-ethylphenyl,
5
         4-ethylphenyl, 2-(n-propyl)phenyl, 3-(n-propyl)phenyl,
         4-(n-propyl)phenyl, 2-(1-methylethyl)phenyl,
         3-(1-methylethyl)phenyl, 4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl,
         2-(n-butyl)phenyl, 3-(n-butyl)phenyl, 4-(n-butyl)phenyl,
         2-(1-methylpropyl)phenyl, 3-(1-methylpropyl)phenyl,
10
         4-(1-methylpropyl)phenyl, 2-(2-methylpropyl)phenyl,
         3-(2-methylpropyl)phenyl, 4-(2-methylpropyl)phenyl,
         2-(1,1-dimethyl)phenyl, 3-(1,1-dimethyl)phenyl,
         2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl,
         4 (1,1-dimethyl)phenyl 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl;
15
        C,-C,-alkenyl: a monounsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical
         having 3 to 6 carbon atoms which is preferably not attached
         via an olefinic carbon atom, for example prop-1-en-1-y1,
         prop-2-en-1-yl, 1-methylethenyl,
20
         buten-1-yl, buten-2-yl, buten-3-yl, 1-methylprop-1-en-1-yl,
         2-methylprop-1-en-1-yl, 1-methylprop-2-en-1-yl,
         2-methylprop-2-en-1-yl, penten-1-yl, penten-2-yl,
         penten-3-yl, penten-4-yl,
         1-methylbut-1-en-1-yl, 2-methylbut-1-en-1-yl,
         3-methylbut-1-en-1-yl, 1-methylbut-2-en-1-yl,
25
         2-methylbut-2-en-1-yl, 3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl,
         1-methylbut-3-en-1-yl, 2-methylbut-3-en-1-yl,
         3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl, 1,1-dimethylprop-2-en-1-yl,
         1,2-dimethylprop-1-en-1-yl, 1,2-dimethylprop-2-en-1-yl,
30
         1-ethylprop-1-en-2-yl, 1-ethylprop-2-en-1-yl, hex-1-en-1-yl,
         hex-2-en-1-y1, hex-3-en-1-y1, hex-4-en-1-y1, hex-5-en-1-y1,
         1-methylpent-1-en-1-yl,
         2-methylpent-1-en-1-yl, 3-methylpent-1-en-1-yl,
         4-methylpent-1-en-1-yl, 1-methylpent-2-en-1-yl,
35
         2-methylpent-2-en-1-yl, 3-methylpent-2-en-1-yl,
         4-methylpent-2-en-1-yl, 1-methylpent-3-en-1-yl,
         2-methylpent-3-en-1-yl, 3-methylpent-3-en-1-yl,
         4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl, 1-methylpent-4-en-1-yl,
         2-methylpent-4-en-1-yl, 3-methylpent-4-en-1-yl,
40
         4-methylpent-4-en-1-yl, 1,1-dimethylbut-2-en-1-yl,
         1,1-dimethylbut-3-en-1-yl, 1,2-dimethylbut-1-en-1-yl,
         1,2-dimethylbut-2-en-1-yl, 1,2-dimethylbut-3-en-1-yl,
         1,3-dimethylbut-1-en-1-yl, 1,3-dimethylbut-2-en-1-yl,
         1,3-dimethylbut-3-en-1-yl, 2,2-dimethylbut-3-en-1-yl,
45
         2,3-dimethylbut-1-en-1-yl, 2,3-dimethylbut-2-en-1-yl,
         2,3-dimethylbut-3-en-1-yl, 3,3-dimethylbut-1-en-1-yl,
         3,3-dimethylbut-2-en-1-yl, 1-ethylbut-1-en-1-yl,
         1-ethylbut-2-en-1-yl, 1-ethylbut-3-en-1-yl,
         2-ethylbut-1-en-1-yl, 2-ethylbut-2-en-1-yl,
```

2-ethylbut-3-en-1-yl, 1,1,2-trimethylprop-2-en-1-yl, 1-ethyl-1-methylprop-2-en-1-yl, 1-ethyl-2-methylprop-1-en-1-yl or 1-ethyl-2-methylprop-2-en-1-yl;

5

- C₃-C₆-alkynyl: an aliphatic hydrocarbon radical which contains a triple bond and 3 to 6 carbon atoms and which is preferably not attached via a carbon atom of the triple bond, for example propargyl (2-propynyl),
- hex-2-yn-4-yl, hex-2-yn-5-yl, hex-2-yn-6-yl, hex-3-yn-1-yl, hex-3-yn-2-yl, 3-methylpent-1-yn-3-yl, 3-methylpent-1-yn-5-yl, 4-methylpent-2-yn-4-yl or 4-methylpent-2-yn-5-yl.
- 20 With respect to the use of the compounds of the formula I according to the invention as herbicides or as compounds with desiccant/defoliant action, the variables X, R² to R⁶ are preferably as defined below, in each case independently of one another and in particular in combination:
- 25 X is oxygen,
 - R² is hydrogen, fluorine or chlorine,
 - R3 is chlorine or cyano, in particular chlorine,
 - R^4 , R^5 independently of one another are hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, in particular hydrogen or methyl,
- 30 R^6 is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl, in particular hydrogen or methyl.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, R^4 or R^5 is hydrogen and the other radical R^4 or R^5 is C_1-C_4 -alkyl, in particular methyl or R^4 , R^5 are each methyl.

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Very particular preference is given to compounds of the formula I where

- R² is hydrogen, chlorine or fluorine,
- 40 R³ is chlorine or cyano,
 - R⁶ is hydrogen and
 - X is oxygen.

Particular emphasis is given to the following embodiments of the 45 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I:

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- 1. In a particularly preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-A. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-A. In the compounds I-A, X and R² to R8 preferably and in particular have the meanings mentioned as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-A,
 R¹0 is C¹-C⁴-alkyl or amino, in particular methyl or amino, R¹¹ is C¹-C⁴-haloalkyl, in particular trifluoromethyl, and R¹² is hydrogen.
- 2. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-B. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-B. In the compounds I-B, X and R² to R³ preferably and in particular have the meanings given as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-B R¹³, R¹³ are each independently of one another C¹-C⁴-alkyl, in particular methyl.

In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-C. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-C. In the compounds I-C, X and R² to R8 preferably and in particular have the meanings given as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-C, R¹4 is fluorine or chlorine, in particular chlorine, R¹5 is hydrogen or C¹-C⁴-alkyl, in particular hydrogen, R¹6 is C¹-C⁴-haloalkyl, C¹-C⁴-alkylsulfonyl or C¹-C⁴-alkylsulfonyl or
 C¹-C⁴-alkylsulfonyloxy, in particular trifluoromethyl,

methylsulfonyl or methylsulfonyloxy.

- 4. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-D. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-D. In the compounds I-D, X and R² to R³ preferably and in particular have the meanings given as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-D, R¹³ is hydrogen, methyl or amino,
 40 R¹³ is C¹-C⁴-haloalkyl or C¹-C⁴-alkylsulfonyl, in particular
- 40 R^{19} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, in particular trifluoromethyl or methylsulfonyl, R^{20} is hydrogen.
- 5. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-E. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-E. In the

compounds I-E, X and R^2 to R^8 preferably and in particular have the meanings given as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-E, R^{21} is halogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, in particular chlorine or bromine,

 R^{22} is C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl, in particular trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyloxy or methylsulfonyl,

 R^{23} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl, in particular methyl.

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- 6. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-F. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-F. In the compounds I-F, X and R² to R⁸ preferably and in particular have those meanings which have been mentioned as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular in formula II-F, R²⁴ is hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,
- R²⁴ is hydrogen, methyl, dilluoromethyl of trilluoromethyl
 R²⁵ is methyl or trifluoromethyl,

or R^{24} and R^{25} together are a chain of the formula $-(CH_2)_4-.$

7. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-G. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-G. In the compounds I-G, X and R² to R8 preferably and in particular have the meanings given as being preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-G, A¹, A² are each oxygen.

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- 8. In a further preferred embodiment, R¹ in formula I is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-H. Hereinbelow, such compounds are also referred to as compounds I-H. In the compounds I-H, X and R² to R⁸ preferably and in particular have those meanings which have been mentioned as preferred and particularly preferred, respectively. In particular, in formula II-H,
 - A^3 , A^4 are as defined above and are preferably each oxygen, R^{26} , R^{27} are each independently of one another C_1 - C_4 -alkyl or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, in particular methyl or difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl, or
 - R^{26} and R^{27} together are a chain of the formula $-CH_2-O-(CH_2)_2-$ or $-(CH_2)_4-$.
- 45 Very particular preference is given to the compounds of the formula I, where

 R^1 is II-A where $R^{10} = CH_3$ or amino, $R^{11} = CF_3$ and $R^{12} = \text{hydrogen}$,

R² is hydrogen or fluorine,

R3 is chlorine or cyano,

5 R6 is hydrogen and

x is oxygen.

Very particular preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 10 formula I-Aa (= I where R¹ = II-A, R¹0 = methyl, R¹¹ = trifluoromethyl and R¹² = hydrogen, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O), where R⁴, R⁵, Rⁿ and R³ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Aa.1 to I-Aa.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, Rⁿ and R³ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

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Table 1:

5	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R8
	1	H	H	Н	Н
	2	H	Н	Н	CH ₃
	3	H	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃
	4	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	5	H	H	H .	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
10	6	Н	H	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂
İ	7	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	8	Н	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	9	Н	Н	Н	C(CH ₃) ₃
	10	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ OCH ₃
15	11	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	12	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	13	H	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	14	Н	Н	H	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	15	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
20	16	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	17	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	18	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	19	H	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	20	Н	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
25	21	Н	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
23	22	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	23	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	24	Н	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	25	Н	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	26	H	H	Н	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
30	27	H	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
-	28	Н	H	H	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	29	H	H	H	CH ₂ C≡CH
	30	Н	Н	H	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
•	31	Н	H	H	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
35	32	H	H	H	Ph
	33	H	H		-(CH ₂) ₄ -
	34	H	H		-(CH ₂) ₅ -
	35	H	H		1 ₂) ₂ NH(CH ₂) ₂ -
	36	Н	H) ₂ NCH ₃ (CH ₂) ₂ -
40	37	H	H		H ₂) ₂ O(CH ₂) ₂ -
40	38	H	H	1	H ₂ CH=CHCH ₂ -
	39	H	H		CH=CHCH ₂ CH ₂ -
•	40	H	H		CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -
	41	H	H	CH ₃	H
	42	Н	H	CH ₃	CH ₃
45		Н	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
	44	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	45	H	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃

	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	46	H	H	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
}	47	Н	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	48	Н	Н	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
_	49	Н	Н	CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
5	50	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	51	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	52	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	53	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
1	54	H	H	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
10	55	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	56	H	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	57	H .	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	58	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
-	59	Н	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	60		H		CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
15		H	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	61	H			CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	62	H	H	CH ₃	
	63	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	64	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
20	65	H	H	CH ₃	
	66	H	H	CH ₃	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
	67	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃ C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	68	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	69	H	H	CH ₃	
25	70	H	H	CH ₃	CH (CH ₃) C≡CH
	71	H	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃ Ph
	72	H	H	CH ₃	
	73	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	H
	74	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃
	75	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
30	76	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	77	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	78	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	79	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	80	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
35	81	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
	82	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	83	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	84	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
•	85	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
•	86	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
40	87	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ C1
	88	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
-	89	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	90	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	91	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
45	92	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	93	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
•	94	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	95	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂

	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
ł	96	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
}	97	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
<i>:</i>	98	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
5	99	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
2	100	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
}	101	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
ł	102	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	103	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	104	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	Ph
10	105	Н	Н .	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	Н
l	106	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃
	107	Н	H	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₃
- 1	108	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
.	109	H	Н	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
15	110	Н	Н	CH2CH2CH3	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	111	H	Н	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	112	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	113	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
	114	H ·	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
20	115	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
20	116	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	117	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	118	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	119	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	120	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
25	121	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	122	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	123	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
•	124	Н .	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
-	125	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
30	126	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	127	H	H ·	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	128	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	129	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
. ,	130	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
35	131	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	132	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	133	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	134	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
٠.,	135	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	136	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	Ph
40	137	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	H
	138	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₃
	139	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	140	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	141	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
45	142	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	143	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	144	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	145	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃

1	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
.	146	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	147	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	148	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH2OCH2CH3
5	149	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
3	150	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	151	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH2CH2Cl
	152	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH2CH2SCH3
	153	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	154	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
10	155	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	156	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	157	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	158	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	159	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
15	160	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	161	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	162	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
	163	Н	H .	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	164	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	165	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C≡CH
20	166	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	167	Н	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
·	168	Н	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	Ph
	169	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	H
	170	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₃
25	171	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	172	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	173	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	174	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	175	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
30	176	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
,	177	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃
	178	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	179	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
•	180	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
3.5	181	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
35	182	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	183	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
. ,	184	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
•	185	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
٠.	186	H .	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
40	187	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
** .	188	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
•. ••	189	Н	H .	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	190	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	191	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
45	192	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
. 43	193	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	194	H	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
	195	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
		_•			

	No.	R4.	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
į	196	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	197	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ C≡CH
	198	H ·	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
5	199	H	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	200	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	Ph
	201	CH ₃	H	H	H
٠. ا	202	CH ₃	H	Н	CH ₃
	203	CH ₃	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₃
	204	CH ₃	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
10	205	CH ₃	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	206	CH ₃	H	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	207	CH ₃	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
. 1	208	CH ₃	H	Н	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
•	209	CH ₃	H ·	H	C(CH ₃) ₃
15	210	CH ₃	Н	Н	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	211	CH ₃	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	212	CH ₃	Ħ	H -	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	213	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
i	214	CH ₃	Н	H	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	215	CH ₃	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
20	216	CH ₃	Н	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	217	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	218	CH ₃	H	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	219	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	220	CH ₃	H .	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
25	221	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
•	222	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	223	CH ₃	H	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	224	CH ₃	H .	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	225	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
30	226	CH ₃	Н	Н	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
••	227	CH ₃	H	H ·	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	228	CH ₃	Н	H	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
*	229	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ C≡CH
•	230	CH ₃	H	H	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	231	CH ₃	Н	H	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
35	232	CH ₃	Н	H	Ph
	233	CH ₃	Н		-(CH ₂) ₄ -
	234	CH ₃	Н		-(CH ₂) ₅ -
	235	CH ₃	Н		(2)2NH(CH ₂)2-
	236	CH ₃	Н	·) ₂ NCH ₃ (CH ₂) ₂ -
40	237	CH ₃	Н		H ₂) ₂ O(CH ₂) ₂ -
	238	CH ₃	H		H ₂ CH=CHCH ₂ -
	239	CH ₃	Н		CH=CHCH ₂ CH ₂ -
	240	CH ₃	H		CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -
	241	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	TH
,	242	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₃
45	243	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
	244	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	245	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
•	273	10113	1**	1 3	10.1.2011.2011.3

				27	
1	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	246	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	247	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	248	CH ₃	H .	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
5	249	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
١	250	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	251	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	252	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	253	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	254	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
10	255	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	256	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	257	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	258	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	259	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
15	260	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	261	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	262	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	263	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	264	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	265	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
20	266	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
	267	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
,	268	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	269	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	270	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
25	271	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	272	CH ₃	Н	CH ₃	Ph
	273	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	H
	274	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃
	275	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
30	276	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
30	277	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
, ,	278	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	279	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
٠.	280	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	281	CH ₃	н	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
35	282	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	283	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
* **	284	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	285	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	286	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
40	287	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	288	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
. •	289	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
• . •	290	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	291	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	292	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
45	293	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
•	294		Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	<u> </u>	CH ₃			
	295	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂

	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	296	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	297	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	298	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
5	299	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
_	300	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	301	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	302	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
-	303	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	304	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃	Ph .
10	305	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	Н
	306	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃
	307	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
	308	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	309	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
15	310	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	311	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	312	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
•	313	CH ₃	H	CH2CH2CH3	C(CH ₃) ₃
	314	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
20	315	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
20	316	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	317	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	318	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	319	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	320	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
25	321	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	322	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	323	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	324	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
•	325	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
30	326	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	327	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	328	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	329	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	330	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
35	331	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	332	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
•	333	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	334	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	335	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	336	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	Ph
40	337	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	H
	338	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₃
	339	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	340	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	341	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
45	342	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	343	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	344	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	345	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃

		•			
	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	346	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	347	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	348	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
5	349	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
5	350	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	351	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	352	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	353	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	354	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
10	355	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	356	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	357	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	358	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	359	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
15	360	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
بد	361	CH ₃	Н	CH (CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	362	CH ₃	H	CH (CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
	363	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	364	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	365	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C≡CH
20	366	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	367	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	368	CH ₃	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	Ph
	369	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	Н
, !	370	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₃
25	371	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	372	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	373	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	374	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	375	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
20	376	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
30	377	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃
	378	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	379	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
•	380	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	381	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
35	382	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	383	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	384	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	385	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	386	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	
40	387	 		CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
40		CH ₃	H	 	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	388	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	389	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	390	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	391	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N (CH ₃) ₂
45	392	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N (CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
•	393	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	394	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
	395	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃

	21						
	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸		
	396	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃		
	397	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ C≡CH		
	398	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH		
5	399	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃		
_	400	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	Ph		
.	401	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	H		
Ì	402	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₃		
	403	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₃		
Ì	404	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃		
10	405	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃		
ŀ	406	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃) ₂		
Ì	407	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂		
1	408	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃		
	409	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	C(CH ₃) ₃		
15	410	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ OCH ₃		
	411	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃		
	412	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃		
	413	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃		
	414	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃		
	415	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl		
20	416	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃		
	417	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃		
	418	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃		
	419	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN		
٠.	420	CH ₃	CH ₃	H ,	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃		
25	421	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃		
	422	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂		
!	423	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂		
	424	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂		
	425	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂		
30	426	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$		
30	427	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃		
	428	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃		
	429	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ C≡CH		
	430	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH		
	431	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃		
35	432	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	Ph		
	433	CH ₃	CH ₃		-(CH ₂) ₄ -		
	434	CH ₃	CH ₃		-(CH ₂) ₅ -		
	435	CH ₃	CH ₃		I ₂) ₂ NH(CH ₂) ₂ -		
	436	CH ₃	CH ₃	· 	2) ₂ NCH ₃ (CH ₂) ₂ -		
40	437	CH ₃	CH ₃		H ₂) ₂ O(CH ₂) ₂ -		
	438	CH ₃	CH ₃		H ₂ CH=CHCH ₂ -		
	439	CH ₃	CH ₃	1	CH=CHCH ₂ CH ₂ -		
:	440	CH ₃	CH ₃		=CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -		
	441	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	Н		
	442	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃		
45	443	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CII CII		
	444	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃		
	444		CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃		
	445	CH ₃	10113	10n3	Cn2Cn2Cn3		

			- e		7.8
. [No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R8
	446	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	447	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	448	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
5	449	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
	450	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	451	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
Ī	452	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	453	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	454	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
10	455	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
Ì	456	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
Ì	457	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	458	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	459	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
15	460	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	461	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	462	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	463	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	464	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	465	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
20	466	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
	467	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	468	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	469	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
	470	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
25	471	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	472	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₃	Ph
	473	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	Н
	474	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₃
	475	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃
30	476	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
30	477	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	478	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	479	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
• •	480	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	481	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
35	482	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	483	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	484	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	485	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	486	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
40	487	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ C1
	488	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	489	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	490	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	491	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	492		CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
45	492	CH ₃			CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
		CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	
	494	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	495	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂

	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	496	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
Ì	497	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
Ì	498	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
5	499	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
5	500	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
Ì	501	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CH
İ	502	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
Ì	503	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
10	504	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₃	Ph
	505	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	H
	506	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₃
	507	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₃
	508	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	509	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
15	510	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	511	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	512	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	513	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	C(CH ₃) ₃
	514	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	515	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
20	516	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
,	517	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	518	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
,	519	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	520	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
25	521	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	522	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
	523	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	524	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	525	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
30	526	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	527	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
	528	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	529	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	530	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	$C(CH_3)=CH_2$
	531	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
35	532	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	533	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH ₂ C≡CH
	534	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	535	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	536	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH2CH3	Ph
40	537	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	Н
	538	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₃
	539	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	540	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
•	541	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	542	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
45	543	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
	544	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	545	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃
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ĺ	No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R ⁸
	546	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	547	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	548	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
5	549	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
3	550	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	551	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	552	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
	553	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	554	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
10	555	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
	556	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	557	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	558	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	559	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
15	560	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
	561	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	562	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
	563	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	564	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
	565	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C=CH
20	566	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
	567	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
	568	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH(CH ₃) ₂	Ph
	569	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	H
	57.0	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₃
25	571	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₃
	572	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	573	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	574	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃) ₂
	575	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
30	576	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ CH ₃
	577	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃) ₃
	578	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₃
	579	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃
	580	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
	581	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₃
35	582	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)CH ₂ OCH ₃
	583	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ Cl
	584	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ SCH ₃
-	585	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O)CH ₃
	586	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ S(O) ₂ CH ₃
40	587	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CN
•	588	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₃
	589	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃
	590	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂
	591	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₃) ₂
ΛE	592	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH ₂ N(CH ₂ CH ₃) ₂
45	593	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
	594	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
	595	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

No.	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁷	R8
596	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	C(CH ₃)CH=CHCH ₃
597	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH ₂ C≡CH
598	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CH(CH ₃)C≡CH
599	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH=CH2	CH ₂ C≡CHCH ₃
600	CH ₃	CH ₃	CH2CH=CH2	Ph

Very particular preference is also given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 10 formula I-Ab (\equiv I where R¹ = II-A, R¹⁰ = methyl, R¹¹ = trifluoromethyl and R¹² = hydrogen, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = 0), where R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ab.1 to I-Ab.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Very particular preference is also given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 30 formula I-Ac (= I where R¹ = II-A, R¹⁰ = amino, R¹¹ = trifluoromethyl and R¹² = hydrogen, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O), where R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ac.1 to I-Ac.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

40

$$H_2N$$
 H_2N
 Very particular preference is also given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ad (\equiv I where R¹ = II-A, R¹⁰ = amino, R¹¹ = trifluoromethyl and R¹² = hydrogen, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = 0), where R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ad.1 to I-Ad.600, in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

15

$$H_2N$$
 R^8
 R^5
 R^4
 R^7
 R^8
 R^7

(I-Ad)

Among the compounds I-B preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ba (\equiv I where R¹ = II-B, R^{13'}, R¹³ are each methyl, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the 25 meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ba.1 to I-Ba.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

40 Among the compounds I-B preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Bb (\equiv I where R¹ = II-B, R^{13'}, R¹³ are each methyl, R² = H, R³ = Cl; R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as 45 being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds

I-Bb.1 to I-Bb.600 in which the variables R^4 , R^5 , R^7 and R^8 together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the

15 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the
formula I-Ca (= I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ =
hydrogen, R¹⁶ = trifluoromethyl, R² = F; R³ = Cl; R⁶ = H, X = O)
in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in
particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of

20 such compounds are the compounds I-Ca.1 to I-Ca.600 in which the
variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in
one row of Table 1.

25
$$C1 \qquad O \qquad O \qquad R^{8}$$

$$F \qquad N \qquad O \qquad R^{5} \qquad R^{4} \qquad H \qquad R^{7}$$

$$(I-Ca)$$

35 Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Cb (= I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ = hydrogen, R¹⁶ = trifluoromethyl, R² = H; R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in 40 particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Cb.1 to I-Cb.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Cc (\equiv I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ = 15 hydrogen, R¹⁶ = methylsulfonyl, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Cc.1 to I-Cc.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

25
$$H_{3}C \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{8}$$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{8}$$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{8}$$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{7}$$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{8}$$

$$0 \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ N \end{array}} R^{7}$$

30

Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Cd (\equiv I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ = hydrogen, R¹⁶ = methylsulfonyl; R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Cd.1 to I-Cd.600 in which the 40 variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

5
$$H_{3}C \xrightarrow{N} N O R^{5} R^{4} \stackrel{|}{H} O \stackrel{|}{R}^{7}$$

$$(1-Cd)$$

Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ce (\equiv I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ = 15 hydrogen, R¹⁶ = methylsulfonyloxy, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ce.1 to I-Ce.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in 20 one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-C preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Cf (\equiv I where R¹ = II-C, R¹⁴ = chlorine, R¹⁵, R¹⁷ = hydrogen, R¹⁶ = methylsulfonyloxy, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Cf.1 to I-Cf.600 in which the 40 variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

5
$$CH_3$$
 CH_3
 Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Da (\equiv I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸, R²⁰ = hydrogen, R¹⁹ = 15 trifluoromethyl, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Da.1 to I-Da.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 20 1.

Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Db (= I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸, R²⁰ = hydrogen, R¹⁹ = trifluoromethyl, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Db.1 to I-Db.600 in which the variables R⁴, 40 R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Dc (\equiv I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸ = methyl, R¹⁹ = 15 trifluoromethyl, R²⁰ = hydrogen, R² = F, R³ = Cl; R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Dc.1 to I-Dc.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

30

Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Dd (\equiv I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸ = methyl, R¹⁹ = trifluoromethyl, R²⁰ = hydrogen; R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Dd.1 to I-Dd.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-De (\equiv I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸ = amino, R¹⁹ = 15 methylsulfonyl, R²⁰ = hydrogen; R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-De.1 to I-De.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-D preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Df (\equiv I where R¹ = II-D, R¹⁸ = amino, R¹⁹ = methylsulfonyl, R²⁰ = hydrogen, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Df.1 to I-Df.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ea (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = chlorine, R²² = 15 trifluoromethyl, R²³ = methyl, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ea.1 to I-Ea.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Eb (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = bromine, R²² = trifluoromethyl, R²³ = methyl, R² = Cl, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Eb.1 to I-Eb.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

$$F_{3}C$$

$$C1$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$R^{5}$$

$$R^{4}$$

$$O$$

$$R^{7}$$

$$CH_{3}$$

$$(I-Eb)$$

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ec (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = chlorine, R²² = 15 trifluoromethyl, R²³ = methyl; R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ec.1 to I-Ec.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

25

$$F_3C$$
 $N-N$
 O
 R^5
 R^4
 H
 O
 N
 N
 N
 N
 R^8
 R^8
 R^7
 CH_3

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Ed (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = chlorine, R²² = difluoromethoxy, R²³ = methyl, R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ed.1 to I-Ed.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

5
$$F_{2}HCO$$
 $C1$
 O
 O
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 C^{1}
 Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ee (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = chlorine, R²² = 15 difluoromethoxy, R²³ = methyl, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ee.1 to I-Ee.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

25
$$F_{2}HCO \xrightarrow{\text{C1}} 0 0 0 \\ N N O R^{5} R^{4} \stackrel{|}{H} 0 \stackrel{|}{N} R^{7}$$

$$CH_{3} (I-Ee)$$

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Ef (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = bromine, R²² = difluoromethoxy, R²³ = methyl, R² = Cl, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ef.1 to I-Ef.600 in which the 40 variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Eg (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = chlorine, R²² = 15 methylsulfonyl, R²³ = methyl; R² = F, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Eg.1 to I-Eg.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

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Among the compounds I-E preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Eh (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²¹ = bromine, R²² = methylsulfonyl, R²³ = methyl, R² = Cl, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Eh.1 to I-Eh.600 in which the 40 variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-F preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Fb (\equiv I where R¹ = II- \equiv F, R²⁴ = difluoromethyl, R²⁵ = methyl, R² = Cl, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Fb.1 to I-Fb.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-F preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Fb (\equiv I where R¹ = II-E, R²⁴ = difluoromethyl, R²⁵ = 35 methyl, R² = Cl, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Fb.1 to I-Fb.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-F preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Fc (\equiv I where R¹ = II-F, R²⁴, R²⁵ = (CH₂)₄, R² = F, R³ = 15 Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Fc.1 to I-Fc.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

25
$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4} R^{7} R^{8} R^{8} R^{7}

Among the compounds I-F preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Fd (\equiv I where R¹ = II-F, R²⁴, R²⁵ = (CH₂)₄, R² = Cl, R³ = 35 Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Fd.1 to I-Fd.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-G preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ga (\equiv I where R¹ = II-G, A¹, A² are each oxygen, R² = F, 15 R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ga.1 to I-Ga.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

25
$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4} R^{7} R^{8} R^{8} R^{8} R^{1} R^{2}

Among the compounds I-G preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Gb (\equiv I where R¹ = II-G, A¹, A² are each oxygen, R² = H, 35 R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = O) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Gb.1 to I-Gb.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-H preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Ha (\equiv I where R^1 = II-H, A^3 and A^4 are each oxygen, R^{26} 15 = difluoromethyl, R^{27} = methyl; R^2 = F, R^3 = Cl, R^6 = H, X = O) in which R^4 , R^5 , R^7 and R^8 have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Ha.1 to I-Ha.600 in which the variables R^4 , R^5 , R^7 and R^8 together have the meanings given in 20 one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-H preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the 35 formula I-Hb (\equiv I where R^1 = II-H, A^3 and A^4 are each oxygen, R^{26} and R^{27} together are tetramethylene, $R^2 = F$, $R^3 = Cl$, $R^6 = H$, X =0) in which R4, R5, R7 and R8 have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Hb.1 to I-Hb.600 in which 40 the variables R4, R5, R7 and R8 together have the meanings given in one row of Table 1.

Among the compounds I-H preference is given to the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I-Hc (\equiv I where R¹ = II-H, A³ and A⁴ are each oxygen, R²⁶ 15 and R²⁷ together are tetramethylene, R² = H, R³ = Cl, R⁶ = H, X = 0) in which R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ have the meanings mentioned above, in particular the meanings mentioned as being preferred. Examples of such compounds are the compounds I-Hc.1 to I-Hc.600 in which the variables R⁴, R⁵, R⁷ and R⁸ together have the meanings given in 20 one row of Table 1.

25
$$0 \times 10^{-10} \times 10$$

30

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives according to the invention can be prepared similarly to known processes. If 35 no targeted synthesis of the isolation of pure isomers is carried out, the product may be obtained as a mixture of isomers. The mixtures can, if desired, be separated into the substantially pure isomers using methods customary for this purpose such as crystallization or chromatography, including chromatography on an 40 optically active adsorbate. Pure optically active isomers can also be prepared, for example, from appropriate optically active starting materials.

In general, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted compounds of the 45 formula I are prepared by reacting a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula III

(III)

10 where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 and X are as defined above, if appropriate in the presence of a coupling agent, or by reacting the acid halide which corresponds to III, with a sulfamide of the formula IV

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
H & O & R^8 \\
N & N & R^8 \\
\downarrow & O & R^7
\end{array}$$
(IV)

20

where R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined above. Processes for activating carboxylic acids are known, for example, from Houben-Weyl, Methoden der organischen Chemie [Methods of organic chemistry], 25 Vol. E5 (1985), part 1, p. 587 ff. and Vol. E5 (1985), part II, p. 934 ff. The reaction of activated carboxylic acids III or carbonyl halides of III can be carried out analogously to the preparation of carboxylsulfamides described in WO 01/83459, for example in the manner described on p. 31 f.

30

Preferably, the carboxylic acid III is initially activated by reaction with a coupling agent. The activated carboxylic acid III is then, generally without prior isolation, reacted with the sulfamide IV. Suitable coupling agents are, for example, 35 N, N'-carbonyldiimidazole or carbodiimides, such as dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. These are generally employed in at least equimolar amount and up to a fourfold excess, based on the carboxylic acid III. If appropriate, the resulting reaction mixture of carboxylic acid III and coupling agent is heated and 40 then allowed to cool to room temperature. The reaction is usually carried out in a solvent. Suitable solvents are, for example, chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as methylene chloride or 1,2-dichloroethane, ethers, for example dialkyl ethers such as diethyl ether or methyl tert-butyl ether, or cyclic ethers, such 45 as tetrahydrofuran or dioxane, carboxamides, such as

dimethylformamide, N-methyllactams, such as N-methylpyrrolidone, nitriles, such as acetonitrile, aromatic hydrocarbons, such as

toluene, aromatic amines, such as pyridine, or mixtures of these. This is followed by addition of the sulfamide IV. In general, the sulfamide IV is dissolved in the solvent which is also used for activating the carboxylic acid.

Alternatively, the carboxylic acid III can also initially be converted into the acid halide which corresponds to III, by using an inorganic acid halide, preferably by using an acid chloride such as thionyl chloride, phosphoryl chloride, phosphorus 10 pentachloride, oxalyl chloride or phosphorus trichloride, and the acid halide formed is, if appropriate, isolated and then reacted with the sulfamide IV. If required, the reactivity of the thionyl chloride is increased by adding catalytic amounts of dimethylformamide. The halogenating agent is usually employed in 15 at least equimolar amount, based on the carboxylic acid. The reaction partner thionyl chloride, phosphorus trichloride or phosphoryl chloride may simultaneously act as solvent. Suitable solvents are furthermore solvents which are inert under the reaction conditions, for example chlorinated hydrocarbons, such 20 as methylene chloride and 1,2-dichloroethane, aromatic hydrocarbons, such as benzene or toluene, aliphatic and cycloaliphatic hydrocarbons, such as hexane, petroleum ether and cyclohexane, and mixtures thereof. The reaction temperature is generally between room temperature and the boiling point of the 25 solvent. After the reaction has ended, excess halogenating agent is generally removed. The resulting acid chloride of III is then reacted with the sulfamide IV. In general, the sulfamide IV is dissolved in the solvent which was also used for preparing the carbonyl halide, unless the solvent is one of the acid halides 30 mentioned above.

It is, of course, also possible to use other methods for activating the carboxylic acid. Such methods are described in the prior art.

35

The molar ratio of carboxylic acid III or the activated carboxylic acid which corresponds to III or of the acid chloride which corresponds to III to the sulfamide IV is generally at least 0.9:1, preferably at least 1:1. If appropriate, it may also be advantageous to employ a slight excess of sulfamide IV, for example in excesses up to 30%, based on the carboxylic acid III.

The reaction is usually carried out in the presence of a base which is preferably employed in an equimolar amount or an up to 45 fourfold excess, based on the carboxylic acid III. Suitable bases are, for example, amines, such as 1,5-diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene (DBN),

1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), pyridine or triethylamine. If appropriate, it may be advantageous to carry out the reaction in the presence of a catalytic amount of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP). The added base is generally 5-10 mol%, based on the activated carboxylic acid III.

In general, the reaction temperature is in the range from 0° C to the boiling point of the reaction mixture. Work-up can be carried out in a manner known per se.

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The compounds of the formula IV can be obtained by processes known per se, for example by the processes described by G. Hamprecht in Angew. Chem. 93 (1981), 151 - 163 or by the processes described in WO 01/83459, DE 102 21 910.9 or in Houben-Weyl, Vol. E11 (1985), p. 1019.

3-Heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula III are known in the prior art or can be prepared similarly to known processes, frequently from the esters that correspond to III.

In this case, the esters are converted into the corresponding carboxylic acids III according to known processes by hydrolysis in acidic media using strong mineral acids, such as concentrated hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid, or organic acids, such as glacial acetic acids, or mixtures thereof. Alternatively, esters can also be hydrolyzed in an alkaline media using bases such as alkali metal hydroxides, for example sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in the presence of water.

30

35

Solvents suitable both for the acid- and the base-catalyzed hydrolysis of esters include, for example, chlorinated aliphatic or alicyclic hydrocarbons, such as methylene chloride or 1,2-dichloroethane, or alcohols. In the case of the acid-catalyzed hydrolysis, the reaction partner usually simultaneously acts as solvent and is therefore employed in excess, based on the ester. The reaction temperature is usually between room temperature and the boiling point of the solvent.

40 Esters of the carboxylic acid III where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-A are known, for example, from US 6,207,830 and DE 197 41 411. Esters of carboxylic acids of the formula III where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-C are known from WO 97/11059. Esters of carboxylic acids of the formula III where R¹ is a radical II-E are known, for example, from WO 92/06962 and JP 09059113. Esters of carboxylic acids of the formula III where R¹ is a radical of the formula III-F are known, for example, from JP 61069776.

Compounds III which are not explicitly described in these publications can be prepared similarly to these processes.

If the esters of carboxylic acids of the formula III are not 5 known, they can be prepared, for example, by reacting a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid of the formula V

where R^1 , R^2 and R^3 are defined above with an α -aminocarboxylic 20 acid ester or an α -hydroxycarboxylic acid ester of the formula VI

$$HXC(R^4)(R^5)COOR'$$
 (VI)

where X, R⁴ and R⁵ are as defined above and R' is lower alkyl, in 25 the presence of a dehydrating agent, such as N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole or dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. Alternatively, it is also possible to initially convert the benzoic acid of the formula V into its acid halide, followed by reaction with the compound of the formula VI.

The reaction conditions correspond substantially to the conditions mentioned above for the reaction of III with IV. The reaction is usually carried out in a solvent. Suitable solvents are chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as methylene chloride and 1,2—dichloroethane, ethers, such as diethyl ether, methyl tert—butyl ether, tetrahydrofuran and dioxane, or mixtures of these. The reaction with a compound of the formula VI is usually carried out at a temperature between room temperature and the boiling point of the solvent. The resulting ester of III is then hydrolyzed, giving the desired 3-heterocyclyl-substituted carboxylic acid III. With respect to the practice of the hydrolysis, reference is made to what was said above.

The carboxylic acid V can be prepared, for example, according to 45 WO 01/083459 or the prior art cited therein, or similarly to the processes described therein. If appropriate, the ester described in the prior art has to be converted by known methods into the

carboxylic acid V. With respect to the acid- or base-catalyzed hydrolysis of esters, reference is made to what was said above. The following publications are expressly referred to:

- 5 WO 88/10254, WO 89/02891, WO 89/03825, WO 91/00278 (compounds of the formula V or their esters where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-A), EP 0 584 655, WO 00/050409 (the esters of the compounds of the formula V where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-B), WO 96/39392, WO 97/07104 (compounds of the
- 10 formula V and/or the ester corresponding to V, where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-D), WO 92/06962 (compounds of the formula V where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-E).
- 15 The compounds I and their agriculturally useful salts are suitable both as isomer mixtures and in the form of the pure isomers as herbicides. Herbicides containing I permit very good control of plant growth on uncultivated areas. In crops such as wheat, rice, corn, soybean and cotton, they are effective against broad-leaved weeds and harmful grasses without significantly damaging the crops. This effect occurs in particular at low application rates.
- Depending on the particular application method, the compounds I

 25 or the herbicidal compositions comprising them may be used in a
 further number of crops for eliminating unwanted plants. Suitable
 are, for example, the following crops:
- Allium cepa, Ananas comosus, Arachis hypogaea, Asparagus
 30 officinalis, Beta vulgaris spec. altissima, Beta vulgaris spec.
 rapa, Brassica napus var. napus, Brassica napus var.
 napobrassica, Brassica rapa var. silvestris, Camellia sinensis,
 Carthamus tinctorius, Carya illinoinensis, Citrus limon, Citrus
 sinensis, Coffea arabica (Coffea canephora, Coffea liberica),
- 35 Cucumis sativus, Cynodon dactylon, Daucus carota, Elaeis guineensis, Fragaria vesca, Glycine max, Gossypium hirsutum, (Gossypium arboreum, Gossypium herbaceum, Gossypium vitifolium), Helianthus annuus, Hevea brasiliensis, Hordeum vulgare, Humulus lupulus, Ipomoea batatas, Juglans regia, Lens culinaris, Linum
- 40 usitatissimum, Lycopersicon lycopersicum, Malus spec., Manihot esculenta, Medicago sativa, Musa spec., Nicotiana tabacum (N.rustica), Olea europaea, Oryza sativa, Phaseolus lunatus, Phaseolus vulgaris, Picea abies, Pinus spec., Pisum sativum, Prunus avium, Prunus persica, Pyrus communis, Ribes sylvestre,
- 45 Ricinus communis, Saccharum officinarum, Secale cereale, Solanum tuberosum, Sorghum bicolor (S. vulgare), Theobroma cacao,

Trifolium pratense, Triticum aestivum, Triticum durum, Vicia faba, Vitis vinifera and Zea mays.

The compounds I may also be used in crops which are tolerant to 5 the action of herbicides as a result of breeding, including the use of genetic engineering methods.

Furthermore, the compounds I and their agriculturally useful salts are suitable for the desiccation and/or defoliation of 10 plants.

As desiccants, they are particularly suitable for drying out the above-ground parts of crops, such as potatoes, rape, sunflower and soybeans. This permits completely mechanical harvesting of these important crops.

Also of commercial interest is

- the concentrated dropping of fruits or the reduction of their adhesion to the plant, for example, in the case of citrus
 fruits, olives or other species and varieties of pomes, drupes and hard-shelled fruit, since because of this, the harvesting of these fruits is made easier, and
 - the controlled defoliation of useful plants, in particular cotton.
- The dropping brought about by the use of novel active compounds of the formula I depends on the formation of abscission tissue between fruit or leaf part, and shoot part of the plants.
- 30 The defoliation of cotton is of very particular commercial interest, since it makes the harvest easier. At the same time, the shortening of the period in which the individual plants ripen leads to an improved quality of the harvested fiber material.
- 35 The compounds I or the herbicidal compositions comprising them can be used, for example, in the form of directly sprayable aqueous solutions, powders, suspensions, including highly concentrated aqueous, oily or other suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dusting agents, broadcasting 40 agents or granules, by spraying, nebulizing, dusting, broadcasting or pouring, or for seed dressing or mixing with the seed. The application forms depend on the intended uses; they should in any case ensure very fine distribution of the active ingredients according to the invention.

The herbicides contain a herbicidally effective amount of at least one active compounds of the formula I and auxiliaries which are usually used in formulating crop protection agents.

- 5 Suitable inert auxiliaries are essentially:
 mineral oil fractions having a medium to high boiling point, such
 as kerosine and diesel oil, and coal tar oils and oils of
 vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic
 hydrocarbons, for example paraffins, tetrahydronaphthalene,
- 10 alkylated naphthalenes and derivatives thereof, alkylated benzenes and derivatives thereof, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones, such as cyclohexanone, and strongly polar solvents, for example amines, such as N-methylpyrrolidone, and water.
- Aqueous application forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, from suspensions, pastes, wettable powders or water-dispersible granules by adding water. For the preparation of emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the
- 20 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives I, as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of wetting agents, adherents, dispersants or emulsifiers. However, it is also possible to prepare concentrates which consist of active ingredients, wetting agents, adherents,
- 25 dispersants or emulsifiers and possibly solvent or oil, which are suitable for dilution with water.

Suitable surfactants are the alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, e.g. lignin-,

- 30 phenol-, naphthalene- and dibutylnaphthalenesulfonic acid, and of fatty acids, alkylsulfonates and alkylarylsulfonates, alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates and fatty alcohol sulfates, and salts of sulfated hexa-, hepta- and octadecanols and of fatty alcohol glycol ether, condensates of sulfonated naphthalene and
- 35 its derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of naphthalene or of naphthalenesulfonic acids with phenol and formaldehyde, polyoxyethylene octylphenol ether, ethoxylated isooctyl-, octylor nonylphenol, alkylphenyl polyglycol ether, tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, isotridecyl
- 40 alcohol, fatty alcohol/ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or polyoxypropylene alkyl ethers, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetate, sorbitol esters, lignosulfite waste liquors and methylcellulose.

Powders, broadcasting agents and dusting agents can be prepared by mixing or milling the active ingredients together with a solid carrier.

- 5 Granules, for example coated, impregnated and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active ingredients to solid carriers. Solid carriers are mineral earths, such as silicas, silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, kieselguhr, calcium sulfate,
- 10 magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, milled plastics, fertilizers, such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate and ureas, and vegetable products, such as grain flour, bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulosic powders and other solid carriers.

The concentrations of the active ingredients I in the ready-to-use formulations may be varied within wide ranges. In general, the formulations contain from about 0.001 to 98, preferably from 0.01 to 95, % by weight of at least one active ingredient I. The active ingredients are used in a purity of from 90 to 100 %, preferably from 95 to 100 % (according to the NMR spectrum).

The compounds I according to the invention can be formulated, for 25 example, as follows:

- 1. 20 parts by weight of a compound I are dissolved in a mixture which consists of 80 parts by weight of alkylated benzene, 10 parts by weight of the adduct of from 8 to 10 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of N-monoethanololeamide, 5 parts by weight of the calcium salt of dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid and 5 parts by weight of the adduct of 40 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of castor oil. By pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein, an aqueous dispersion which contains 0.02 % by weight of the active ingredient is obtained.
- 20 parts by weight of a compound I are dissolved in a mixture which consists of 40 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 30 parts by weight of isobutanol, 20 parts by weight of the adduct of 7 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of isooctylphenol and 10 parts by weight of the adduct of 40 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of castor oil. By pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein, an aqueous

dispersion which contains 0.02 % by weight of the active ingredient is obtained.

- III. 20 parts by weight of a compound I are dissolved in a mixture which consists of 25 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 65 parts by weight of a mineral oil fraction boiling within the range from 210 to 280°C and 10 parts by weight of the adduct of 40 mol of ethylene oxide with 1 mol of castor oil. By pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein, an aqueous dispersion which contains 0.02 % by weight of the active ingredient is obtained.
- IV. 20 parts by weight of a compound I are thoroughly mixed with 3 parts by weight of the sodium salt of disobutylnaphthalene-α-sulfonic acid, 17 parts by weight of the sodium salt of a lignosulfonic acid obtained from a sulfite waste liquor and 60 parts by weight of silica gel powder, and the mixture is milled in a hammer mill. By finely distributing the mixture in 20,000 parts by weight of water, a spray liquor which contains 0.1 % by weight of the active ingredient is obtained.
- v. 3 parts by weight of a compound I are mixed with 97 parts by weight of finely divided kaolin. A dusting agent which contains 3 % by weight of the active ingredient is obtained in this manner.
- VI. 20 parts by weight of a compound I are thoroughly mixed with 2 parts by weight of the calcium salt of dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, 8 parts by weight of a fatty alcohol polyglycol ether, 2 parts by weight of sodium salt of a phenol/urea/formaldehyde condensate and 68 parts by weight of a paraffinic mineral oil. A stable oily dispersion is obtained.
- VII. 1 part by weight of a compound I is dissolved in a mixture which consists of 70 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 20 parts by weight of ethoxylated isooctylphenol and 10 parts by weight of ethoxylated castor oil. A stable emulsion concentrate is obtained.

VIII. 1 part by weight of a compound I is dissolved in a mixture which consists of 80 parts by weight of cyclohexanone and 20 parts by weight of Wettol®EM31 (=nonionic emulsifier based on ethoxylated castor oil; BASF AG). A stable emulsion concentrate is obtained.

The active compounds I or the herbicidal compositions can be applied by the preemergence or postemergence method. The herbicidal compositions or active compounds can also be applied 10 by sowing crop seed which has been pretreated with the herbicidal compositions or active compounds. If the active ingredients are less well tolerated by certain crops, it is possible to use application methods in which the herbicides are sprayed with the aid of the sprayers in such a way that the leaves of the 15 sensitive crops are as far as possible not affected, while the active compounds reach the leaves of undesirable plants growing underneath or the uncovered soil surface (post-directed, lay-by).

The application rates of active compound I are from 0.001 to 3.0, 20 preferably from 0.01 to 1.0, kg/ha of active ingredient (a.i.), depending on the aim of control, the season, the target plants and the state of growth.

In order to broaden the action spectrum and to achieve

25 synergistic effects, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives I may be mixed with many members of other groups of herbicidal or growth-regulating active ingredients and applied together with them.

- 30 Examples of suitable components of the mixture are 1,2,4-thiadiazoles, 1,3,4-thiadiazoles, amides, aminophosphoric acid and derivatives thereof, aminotriazoles, anilides, aryloxy-/hetaryloxyalkanoic acids and derivatives thereof, benzota acid and derivatives thereof, benzothiadiazinones,
- 35 2-(hetaroyl/aroyl)-1,3-cyclohexanediones, hetarylarylketones, benzylisoxazolidinones, meta-CF₃-phenyl derivatives, carbamates, quinolinecarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof, chloroacetanilides, cyclohexane-1,3-dione derivatives, diazines, dichloropropionic acid and derivatives thereof,
- 40 dihydrobenzofurans, dihydrofuran-3-ones, dinitroanilines, dinitrophenols, diphenyl ethers, dipyridyls, halocarboxylic acids and derivatives thereof, ureas, 3-phenyluracils, imidazoles, imidazolinones, N-phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrophthalimides, oxadiazoles, oxiranes, phenols, aryloxy- and
- 45 hetaryloxyphenoxypropionic esters, phenylacetic acid and derivatives thereof, 2-phenylpropionic acid and derivatives thereof, pyrazoles, phenylpyrazoles, pyridazines,

pyridinecarboxylic acid and derivatives thereof, pyrimidyl ethers, sulfonamides, sulfonylureas, triazines, triazinones, triazolinones, triazolcarboxamides and uracils.

5 It may also be useful to apply the compounds I together, alone or in combination with other herbicides, also as a mixture with further crop protection agents, for example with pesticides or agents for controlling phytopathogenic fungi or bacteria. The miscibility with mineral salt solutions which are used for 10 eliminating nutrient and trace element deficiencies is also of interest. Nonphytotoxic oils and oil concentrates can also be added.

The examples below are intended to illustrate the invention 15 without limiting it.

Preparation Examples

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Example 1: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro 20 methyl- 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy] propionic acid N,N-dimethylsulfamide (S-enantiomer of compound I-Aa. 242)

1.1: 2-Chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoic acid

13.9 g (34 mmol) of isopropyl 2-chloro-4-fluoro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoate (CAS No. 105756-82-9, US 5,176,735, US 4,943,309, WO 88/10254) were dissolved in 100 ml of glacial acetic acid and 40 100 ml of conc. HCl, and the mixture was heated at 70°C for 15 hours. The acetic acid was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was taken up in water and the resulting precipitate was filtered off with suction. Drying gave 11.3 g of the uracilcarboxylic acid which was used for the next step without 45 further purification.

 $^{1}H-NMR$ (DMSO- d_{6}) δ (ppm) = 8.1 (d, 1 H), 7.8 (d, 1 H), 6.6 (s, 1 H), 3.4 (s, 3 H).

1.2: Methyl (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro
methyl- 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4fluorobenzoyloxy]propionate

5.0 g (13.64 mmol) of uracilcarboxylic acid from 1.1 in 50 ml of thionyl chloride were heated at reflux for 3 h, and unreacted thionyl chloride was then removed under reduced pressure. The 10 resulting acid chloride was then dissolved in 50 ml of methylene chloride, and the resulting solution was, at 0-5°C, added dropwise with stirring to a solution of 1.6 g (15.01 mmol) of methyl (S)lactate, 0.2 g (1.36 mmol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) and 1.7 g (16.37 mmol) of triethylamine in 80 ml of CH,Cl,. The 15 mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred at room temperature for another 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel using cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 70/30. The solvent was evaporated under 20 reduced pressure, giving 5.85 g of the ester.

 1 H-NMR (DMSO- d_{6}) δ (ppm) = 8.0 (d, 1 H), 7.4 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (q, 1 H), 4.8 (s, 3 H), 3.6 (s, 3 H), 1.5 (d, 3 H).

25 1.3: (S)-2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]propionic acid

25 ml of glacial acetic acid and 25 ml of conc. HCl were added to 3.6 g (8 mmol) of the ester from 1.2, the mixture was heated at 60°C for 4 hours and then stirred at room temperature for 8 hours. The acetic acid was removed under reduced pressure and the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted three times with in each case about 150 ml of ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were then dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure, giving 3.3 g of acid.

 1 H-NMR (DMSO- d_{6}) δ (ppm) = 8.0 (d, 1 H), 7.4 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (q, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H).

- 40 1.4: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]propionic acid N,N-dimethylsulfamide
- 0.45 g (1.03 mmol) of the acid from 1.3 in 10 ml of thionyl chloride was heated at reflux for 3 hours and excess thionyl chloride was then removed under reduced pressure and the resulting acid chloride was dissolved in about 5 ml of CH₂Cl₂. This solution was, at about 5°C, added dropwise to a solution of

0.13 g (1.03 mmol) of N,N-dimethylsulfamide, 0.23 g (2.23 mmol) of triethylamine and a catalytic amount of DMAP in 20 ml of $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 14 hours and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in ethyl acetate and washed with about 200 ml of 10% strength hydrochloric acid. Chromatography on silica gel using cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 70/30 gave 0.16 g of the title compound of m.p. 207-208°C.

10 ¹H-NMR: see Table 2

Example 2: 2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]-2-methyl-propionic acid N-methyl-N-allylsulfamide (compound I-Ab.465)

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0.33 g (2.2 mmol) of N-methyl-N-allylsulfamide, 0.27 g of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 0.64 ml of triethylamine were dissolved in 10 ml of dichloromethane. A solution of 0.98 g (2.2 mmol) of 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-

20 methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]-2-methyl-propionyl chloride (CAS No. 160152-72-7) in dichloromethane was then added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 3 days and then concentrated, and the residue was taken up in ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 10% strength hydrochloric acid and water and dried over sodium sulfate, the drying agent was

water and dried over sodium suitate, the drying agent was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated. Column chromatography on silica gel (mobile phase: cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 2:1) gave 0.21 g of the title compound of melting point 161-164°C.

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Example 3: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionic acid N-methyl-N-allylsulfamide (S enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265)

35 3.1: Methyl (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionate

7.0 g (20 mmol) of 2 [2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-tri-fluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoic acid (CAS
40 No. 120890-58-6) were dissolved in 50 ml of thionyl chloride. The reaction mixture was then heated under reflux for 3 hours, and the resulting solution of the acid chloride was concentrated.

2.3 g (22 mmol) of methyl (S)-lactate, 2.46 g (20 mmol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 2.44 g (20 mmol) of triethylamine were then dissolved in 50 ml of dichloromethane, and a solution of the acid chloride obtained above in dichloromethane was then added dropwise at 0°C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room

temperature for 16 hours, and the solution was then concentrated. Column chromatography on silica gel (mobile phase: cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 2:1) gave 7.0 g of methyl (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-di-5 hydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionate of melting point 59-60°C.

- 3.2: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionic acid
- 7.0 g (16 mmol) of methyl (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-di-oxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyl-oxy]propionate from example 3.1 were dissolved in 50 ml of acetic acid, 50 ml of conc. hydrochloric acid were added and the
- 15 solution was heated under reflux for 4 hours. Most of the acetic acid was distilled off, and the solution that remained was poured onto ice-water. The aqueous phase was extracted three times with ethyl acetate, the organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, the drying agent was filtered off and the filtrate was
- 20 concentrated to dryness, which gave 5.7 g of (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionic acid.
- 3.3: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-25 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionyl chloride
- 5.7 g (14 mmol) of (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]-propionic acid from example 3.2 were dissolved in 50 ml of thionyl chloride, and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3.5 hours. The solution was allowed to cool and concentrated, which gave 5.9 g of (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-benzoyloxy]propionyl chloride.
- 3.4: (S)-2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionic acid N-methyl-N-allylsulfamide
- 40 0.33 g (2.2 mmol) of N-methyl-N-allylsulfamide, 0.27 g of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 0.67 ml of triethylamine were dissolved in 10 ml of dichloromethane, and a solution of 0.98 g (2.2 mmol) of (S)-2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)benzoyloxy]propionyl
- 45 chloride from example 3.3 in 10 ml of dichloromethane was added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 16 hours and then concentrated, and the resulting residue was dissolved in ethyl

acetate. The organic phase was washed with 10% strength hydrochloric acid and water and dried over sodium sulfate, the drying agent was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated. Column chromatography on silica gel gave 0.26 g of the title compound.

Example 4: 2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methyl-propionic acid N,N-dimethyl-N-allylsulfamide (compound I-Aa.442)

4.1: Methyl 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoro-methyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionate

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- 15 0.61 g (5.2 mmol) of methyl 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropionate, 70 mg (0.5 mmol) of 4-N-pyrrolidinopyridine and 0.87 ml (6.2 mmol) of triethylamine were dissolved in 50 ml of tetrahydrofuran, and a solution of 2 g (5.2 mmol) of the acid chloride from example 1.2 in 50 ml of tetrahydrofuran were then added dropwise. The 20 solution was stirred for 16 hours and then concentrated, and the residue was then dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 10% strength citric acid and water and dried over sodium sulfate, the drying agent was filtered off and the filtrate was concentrated. Column chromatography on silica gel 25 (mobile phase: cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 2:1) gave 1.0 g of methyl 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionate.
- 30 4.2: 2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionic acid
- 1.0 g (2.1 mmol) of methyl 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionate from example 4.1 was dissolved in
 50 ml of acetic acid, 50 ml of conc. hydrochloric acid were added
 and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 5 hours.
 Most of the acetic acid was distilled off, and the solution that
 remained was poured into ice-water. The precipitate was filtered
 off and dried, which gave 0.65 g of 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionic acid.

4.3: 2-[2-Chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-di-hydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionic acid N,N-dimethylsulfamide

5 0.65 g (1.4 mmol) of 2-[2-chloro-5-(3-methyl-2,6-dioxo-4-trifluoromethyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyrimdin-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzoyloxy]-2-methylpropionic acid from example 4.2 was dissolved in 30 ml of thionyl chloride, the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 hours and the 10 resulting solution of the acid chloride was then concentrated. 0.18 g (1.4 mmol) of N,N-dimethylsulfamide, 0.07 g (1.4 mmol) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine and 0.35 ml (3.5 mmol) of triethylamine were dissolved in 10 ml of dichloromethane, and a solution of the acid chloride which had been prepared beforehand in 10 ml of 15 dichloromethane was then added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 16 hours and then concentrated, and the residue was then dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 10% strength hydrochloric acid and water, the organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, the drying agent was filtered off and the 20 filtrate was concentrated. Column chromatography on silica gel (mobile phase: cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 2:1) gave 0.30 g of the title compound of melting point 211-213 °C.

In addition to the benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I 25 described above, Table 2 below lists further compounds of the formula I which were prepared analogously.

Table 2:

20			
30	No.	¹ H-NMR δ [ppm],	m.p. [°C]
35		(CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 6 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H).	207 – 208
		(CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 3.4 (q, 2 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H), 1.3 (t, 3 H),	170 - 171
40	S-enant- iomer of the compound I-Aa.246	(CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H), 1.3 (d, 6 H).	164 - 165

S-enantiomer of total compound total	S-enantiomer of the iomer of the state of				
iomer of the 3.6-3.4 (m, 7 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 3.6-3.4 (m, 7 H), 3.3 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.251 S-enant-iomer of the compound ti-Ab.243 S-enant-tiomer of the compound H). 16 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.251 S-enant-tiomer of the compound H). 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.8 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (s, 6 H). I-Ab.465 (DMSO-d ₀): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.420 (DMSO-d ₀): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.244 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.246 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.247 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer I-Ab.248 S-enantiome	iomer of the compound in the c		No.	$^{1}H-NMR \delta [ppm],$	m.p. [°C]
iomer of the 3.6-3.4 (m, 7 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 3.6-3.4 (m, 7 H), 3.3 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.251 S-enant-iomer of the compound ti-Ab.243 S-enant-tiomer of tiomer of the compound ti-Ab.243 S-enant-tiomer of tiomer of tiomer of the compound ti-Ab.243 S-enant-tiomer of tiomer tiomer of tiomer tiomer of tiomer tiomer of tiomer of tiomer tiomer of tiomer tiomer of tiomer tiome	iomer of the compound in the c		S-enant-	(CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5	
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Scompound 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.251 S-enant- (CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.9-5.8 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.265 S-enant- (CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.265 S-enant- (CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.6 (s, 1 H), 7.7 (m, 1 H), 7.6 (m, 1 H), 7.9 (m, 1 H), 7.7 (m, 1 H), 7.6 (m, 1 H), 6.6 (s, 1 H), 5.8 (m, 1 H), 5.3 - 5.2 (m, 2 H), 3.8 (d, 2 H), 3.4 (s, 3 H), 2.8 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (s, 6 H). I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1 H), 7.9 (m, 1 H), 7.7 (m, 1 H), 7.6 (m, 1 H), 6.6 (s, 1 H), 4.0 (m, 1 H), 3.4 (s, 3 H), 2.8 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (s, 6 H). I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.244 I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of I-Ab.245 I-Ab.444 I-Ab.245 I-Ab.445 I-Ab.245 I-Ab.447 I-Ab.245 I-Ab.447 I-Ab.248 Compound 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H).			3.6-3.4 (m, 7 H), 3.3 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s,	132 - 134	
S-enant-tomer of the compound CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5	I-Aa.251 S-enant- (CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 iomer of (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.9-5.8 (m, 1 H), 5.5-5.1 (m, 3 H), 3.9 (d, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H).				
S-enantiomer of total (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.9-5.8 (m, 1 H), 1.5 total total (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.9-5.8 (m, 1 H), 5.5-5.1 (m, 3 H), 3.9 (d, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H).	S-enant- iomer of tiomer of the compound 10 1-Aa.265 S-enant- iomer of the compound 110 1-Aa.269 1-Ab.465 I-Ab.465 I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound 30 1-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound 31 1-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound 32 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 33 1-Ab.244 S-enan- tiomer of compound 34 1-Ab.265 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.246 S-enan- tiomer of comp	5	_		1
iomer of the compound H, 2.9 (s, 3 H), 5.9-5.8 (m, 1 H), 5.5-5.1 (m, 3 H), 3.9 (d, 1 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). 10 I-Aa.265 Senant- (CCCl3): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.3 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). 1-Aa.269 I-Ab.465 I-Ab.465 I-Ab.469 I-Ab.460 I-Ab.46	<pre>iomer of the compound the the the the the the the the the the</pre>			(CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5	
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compound H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.265 S-enant-iomer of the compound IAa.269 T-Ab.465 [CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.3 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.269 T-Ab.465 [OMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 5.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 -5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). T-Ab.469 [OMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.442 [OMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 I-Ab.443 I-Ab.443 I-Ab.443 IP3-194	compound H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). I-Aa.265 S-enant-iomer of the compound 1.Aa.269 15 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18				129 - 130
1-Aa.265 CDCl ₃): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 compound the compound 1-Aa.269 T-Aa.269 T-Aa.26	1-Aa.265				·
S-enant- iomer of the (DDI3): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.3 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). 15 I-Ab.465 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 5.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 - 5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of	S-enantiomer of (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5 (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.3 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). 1-Aa.269 I-Ab.465 I-Ab.46 I-Ab.465	10	- ,		
iomer of the compound compound I-Aa.269 15	iomer of the (d, 1 H), 6.4 (s, 1 H), 5.4 (m, 1 H), 4.2 (m, 2 H), 3.5 (s, 3 H), 2.9 (s, 3 H), 2.3 (m, 1 H), 1.6 (d, 3 H). 1-Aa.269 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.469 1-Ab	10		$(CDCl_3): 8.7 (br., 1 H), 8.0 (m, 1 H), 7.5$	
the compound 1-Aa.269 1-Ab.465	the compound 1Aa.269 15 16 17-Ab.465 18-Ab.465 18-Ab.4				
Compound 1-Aa.269 1-Aa.265	Compound 1-Aa.269 1-Aa.269 1-Aa.269 1-Aa.269 1-Aa.269 1-Ab.465 1-Ab.467				·
1-Aa.269	1-Aa.269				}
T-Ab.465	15		_	2.3 (M) 2 M) 110 (G) 5 M)	1
7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 5.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 - 5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 20 1-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243	7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 5.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 - 5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 20 I-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265	15		$(DMSO-d_6): 11.7 (br. s. 1H), 7.9 (m. 1H),$	161 - 164
S.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 — 5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H).	5.8 (m, 1H), 5.3 - 5.2 (m, 2H), 3.8 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.265			,	·
2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 5-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 7-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 8-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 9-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.245 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.2465 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.265 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.2	2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265				
Compound Compound	Compound Compound				
1-Ab.469 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). 1-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 40 (1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 41 (1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 42 (1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 43 (1-Ab.244) S-enantiomer of compound 44 (1-Ab.245) S-enantiomer of compound 45 (1-Ab.265) S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.265	20				
7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). T-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 40 (1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243	7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H), 2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 35 I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.265		I-Ab.469		
2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H).	2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H). I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265	20		()	
I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 35 I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443	I-Ab.442 (DMSO-d ₆): 11.7 (br. s, 1H), 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265			4.1 (d, 2H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.3 (t, 3H),	·
7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound 40 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound 1-Ab.265 1-Ab.443	7.7 (m, 1H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 6.6 (s, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265			2.8 (s, 3H), 1.6 (s, 6H).	
25 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.265 1-Ab.443 193-194	4.0 (m, 1H), 3.4 (s, 3H), 2.8 (s, 6H), 1.6 (s, 6H). S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		I-Ab.442		
1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 193-194	1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.2				
1.6 (s, 6H). S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I93-194	1.6 (s, 6H). S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265	25	·		
tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443	tiomer of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265			1.6 (s, 6H).	
of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I 193-194	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265		1		
30 compound I-Ab.248 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.242 oil 35 I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 oil 40 compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 oil 45 I-Ab.443	Compound I-Ab.248 S-enan-tiomer of compound		tiomer		
T-Ab.248 S-enan-tiomer oil -Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer of oil -Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer of compound -Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of oil -Ab.265 T-Ab.443 193-194	I-Ab.248 S-enan-tiomer oil -Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer oil -Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer oil -Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound -Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound -Ab.265 I-Ab.265		CIOMEI		
S-enan- tiomer of compound 35	S-enantiomer oil oil		1		oil
tiomer of oil oil oil oil oil oil oil oil oil oil	tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of		oil
of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I 193-194	of compound	30	of compound		oil
of compound I-Ab.242 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enantiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I 193-194	of compound	30	of compound I-Ab.248		oil
Compound I-Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer oil oil	Compound I-Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer Oil Compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer Of Compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer Oil Compound I-Ab.265 Oil O	30	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan-		oil
I-Ab.242 S-enan-tiomer Oil Compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer Of Oil Compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer Of Compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I93-194 I93-194	I-Ab.242	30	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer		
S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I 193-194	S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265	30	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of		
tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 193-194	tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound		
of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 oil oil 11 12 13 140 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242		
compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 I 193-194	compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan-		
1-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound 1-Ab.265 1-Ab.443 193-194	I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer		oil
S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 193-194	S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of		oil
tiomer of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 193-194	tiomer of compound I-Ab.265	35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound		oil
of compound I-Ab.265 I-Ab.443 193-194	of compound I-Ab.265	35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243		oil
45 compound	compound I-Ab.265	35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan-		oil
45 I-Ab.265 193-194	I-Ab.265	35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer		oil
193-194 193-194	1 E 1	35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of		oil
1-Ab.443		35	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound compound compound compound compound		oil
T 25 446	1-AD.443 193-194	35 40	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.265		oil oil
I-Ab.446 177-179		35 40	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243		oil oil 193-194
11-AD.446 11/1-1/9		35 40	of compound I-Ab.248 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.242 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243 S-enan- tiomer of compound I-Ab.243		oil oil 193-194

I-Ab.448		140-142
I-Aa.442	(DMSO-d ₆): 11.63 (s, 1 H), 8.13 (d, 1 H), 7.91 (d, 1 H), 6.63 (s, 1 H), 3.42 (s, 3 H), 2.84 (s, 6 H), 1.61 (s, 6 H)	211-213

Use Examples

The herbicidal activity of the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives I was demonstrated by the following greenhouse experiments:

The cultivation containers used were plastic flowerpots containing loamy sand with approximately 3.0% of humus as the substrate. The seeds of the test plants were sown separately for each species.

For the preemergence treatment, directly after sowing the active compounds, which had been suspended or emulsified in water, were applied by means of finely distributing nozzles. The containers were irrigated gently to promote germination and growth and subsequently covered with transparent plastic hoods until the plants had rooted. This cover caused uniform germination of the test plants, unless this was adversely affected by the active compounds.

For the postemergence treatment, the test plants were first grown to a height of 3-15 cm, depending on the plant habit, and only then treated with the active compounds which had been suspended or emulsified in water. The test plants were for this purpose either sown directly and grown in the same containers, or they were first grown separately as seedlings and transplanted into the test containers a few days prior to the treatment. The application rate for the postemergence treatment was 7.8 or 3.9 g of a.i. (active ingredient)/ha.

Depending on the species, the plants were kept at 10 - 25°C or 20 - 35°C. The test period extended over 2 to 4 weeks. During this time, the plants were tended, and their response to the 40 individual treatments was evaluated.

Evaluation was carried out using a scale from 0 to 100. 100 means no emergence of the plants, or complete destruction of at least the above-ground parts, and 0 means no damage, or normal course of growth.

The plants used in the greenhouse experiments were of the following species:

	Scientific name	Common name
5	Amaranthus retroflexus	redroot pigweed
	Chenopodium album	lambsquarters (goosefoot)

10 Applied by the postemergence method, the S enantiomer of the compound I-Aa.246 showed excellent herbicidal activity against the abovementioned plants.

Use Examples (desiccant/defoliant action)

The test plants used were young cotton plants with 4 leaves (without cotyledons) which had been grown under greenhouse conditions (rel. atmospheric humidity 50 - 70%; day/night temperature 27/20°C).

The young cotton plants were subjected to foliar treatment to runoff point with aqueous preparations of the active compounds (with addition of 0.15% by weight, based on the spray mixture, of the fatty alcohol alkoxylate Plurafac[®] LF 700¹). The amount of water applied was 1000 l/ha (converted). After 13 days, the number of leaves shed and the degree of defoliation in % were determined.

The untreated control plants did not shed any leaves.

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We claim:

A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the
 formula I

where:

x is oxygen or NR9,

R1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formulae II-A to II-H,

20 R10 R13' R¹¹ R¹⁷ 25 R^{13} R12 (II-C) (II-B) (II-A) R^{21} R¹⁸ R24 R^{22} 30 R¹⁹ R²³ R²⁵ R²⁰ (II-D) (II-E) (II-F) 35

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R² is hydrogen or halogen,

R3 is halogen or cyano,

15 R^4 , R^5 independently of one another are hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, or R^4 and R^5 together are a group =CH₂,

 R^6 is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -alkoxy,

R7 and R8 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3-, 4-, 5-, 6- or 7-membered nitrogen heterocycle which may optionally contain one or two further heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen as ring members, which may contain 1 or 2 carbonyl and/or thiocarbonyl groups as ring members and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from the group consisting of C1-C4-alkyl and halogen,

R9 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, phenyl, phenyl- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_3-C_6 -alkenyl or C_3-C_6 -alkynyl,

 R^{10} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or amino, R^{11} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,

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R^{12} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4-alkyl,
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 R^{13} , R^{13} ' independently of one another are hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

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R14 is halogen,

R¹⁵ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl,

 R^{16} is C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkylsulfonyloxy,

10 R^{17} is

 R^{17} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

R¹⁸ is hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl or amino,

 R^{19} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,

15 R^{20} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

R21 is hydrogen, halogen or C1-C4-alkyl,

 R^{22} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl,

20 R^{23} is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl,

or

R²² and R²³ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which may contain a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of oxygen and nitrogen as a ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄-alkyl and halogen,

 R^{24}

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- R^{24} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
- R^{25} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,

or

 R^{24} and R^{25} together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which optionally contains an oxygen atom as ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three radicals selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and halogen,

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- R^{26} is hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
- R27 is hydrogen, C1-C4-alkyl or C1-C4-haloalkyl,

or

R²⁶ and R²⁷ together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 5-, 6- or 7-membered saturated or unsaturated ring which optionally contains an oxygen atom as ring-forming atom and/or which may be substituted by one, two or three

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radicals selected from the group consisting of C_1-C_4 -alkyl and halogen,

 A^1 , A^2 , A^3 , A^4 are each independently of one another oxygen or sulfur,

and its agriculturally useful salts.

- A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in claim 1 where R² is fluorine, chlorine or hydrogen.
 - 3. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in claim 1 or 2 where R³ is chlorine or cyano.
- 15 4. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of the preceding claims where X is oxygen.
 - 5. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of the preceding claims where R^6 is hydrogen.
- 6. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-A in which R^{10} is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or amino, R^{11} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl and R^{12} is hydrogen.
 - 7. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-B in which R^{13} and R^{13} are each independently of one another C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.
 - 8. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-C in which R^{14} is fluorine or chlorine, R^{15} is hydrogen and R^{16} is C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyl or C_1-C_4 -alkylsulfonyloxy.
- A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-D in which R¹⁸ is hydrogen, methyl or amino, R¹⁹ is C₁-C₄-haloalkyl or C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and R²⁰ is hydrogen.
- 10. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R¹ is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-E in which R²¹ is halogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl, R²² is C₁-C₄-haloalkyl,
 45. C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy or C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl and R²³ is C₁-C₄-alkyl.

- 11. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-F in which R^{24} is hydrogen, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl, R^{25} is methyl or trifluoromethyl or R^{24} together with R^{25} are a chain of the formula $-(CH_2)_4-$.
- 12. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-G in which A^1 and A^2 are each oxygen.

13. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 where R^1 is a heterocyclic radical of the formula II-H in which R^{26} and R^{27} are each independently of one another C_1-C_4 -alkyl or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl or R^{26} together with R^{27} are a

chain of the formulae $-CH_2-O-(CH_2)_2-$ or $-(CH_2)_4-$.

- 14. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 13 where
 - R² is hydrogen, chlorine or fluorine,
- 20 R³ is chlorine or cyano,
 - R6 is hydrogen and
 - x is oxygen.
- 15. A benzoic acid derivative as claimed in any of claims 1 to 14 where R^4 or R^5 is hydrogen and the other radical R^4 or R^5 is C_1-C_4 -alkyl or R^4 , R^5 are each methyl.
- 16. A composition comprising a herbicidally effective amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 15 and at least one inert liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.
- 35 17. A composition for the desiccation/defoliation of plants, comprising an amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 15 which acts as a desiccant/defoliant and at least one inert liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.
- 18. A method for controlling unwanted vegetation, which comprises allowing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in

any of claims 1 to 15 to act on plants, their habitat and/or on seed.

- 19. A method for the desiccation/defoliation of plants, which comprises allowing an amount which is effective as a desiccant/defoliant of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 15 to act on plants.
- 20. The use of 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivatives of the formula I or their agriculturally useful salts as claimed in any of claims 1 to 15 as herbicides or for the desiccation/defoliation of plants.

Abstract

Disclosed are 3-heterocyclyl substituted benzoic acid derivatives 5 of general formula (I),

in which the variables R^1 to R^8 and X have the meanings indicated in claim 1, and the use thereof as herbicides or for desiccating/defoliating plants.